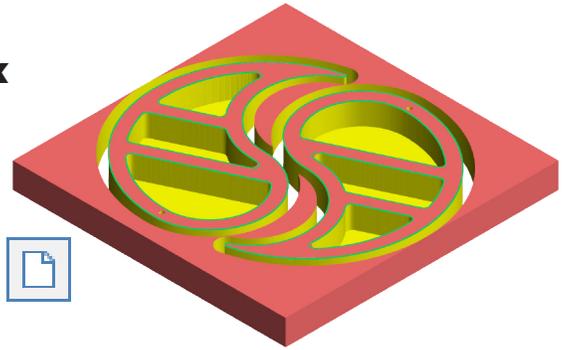


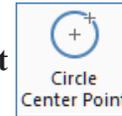
# Jewelry Box Tray



## A. Sketch Tray Circle.

Step 1. If necessary start a new Mastercam file, click New  (Ctrl-N) on the Quick Access Toolbar QAT.

Step 2. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Circle Center Point**



Step 3. In the Circle Center Point function panel:  
under Size, **Fig. 1**

**Diameter 6.5** and press ENTER

Press **O** key on keyboard to select  
AutoCursor **Origin** override,

**Fig 2.**

Click OK .

Step 4. **Right click** the graphics  
window and click **Fit**   
(Alt-F1).

Step 5. Use **F9** to toggle Origin/Axis  
display on and off to confirm  
Origin, **Fig. 2.**

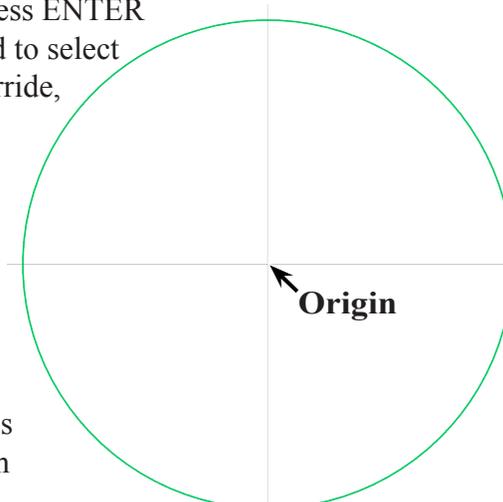


Fig. 2

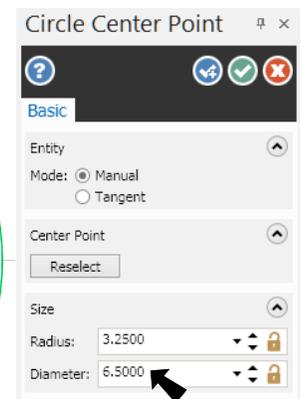


Fig. 1

## B. Twin Edge Point Circles.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Circle Edge Point**



Step 2. Use the **upper quadrant and Origin** for the two points to sketch circle, **Fig. 3.**

Step 3. Repeat, and sketch  
second circle using  
**lower quadrant  
and Origin,**  
**Fig. 4.**

Step 4. Click OK  
 in the  
Circle Edge  
Point func-  
tion panel.

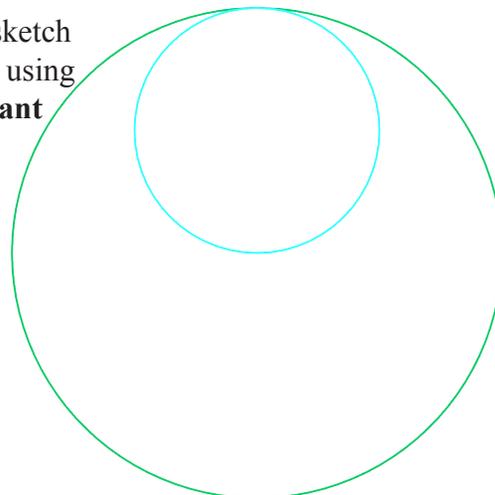


Fig. 3

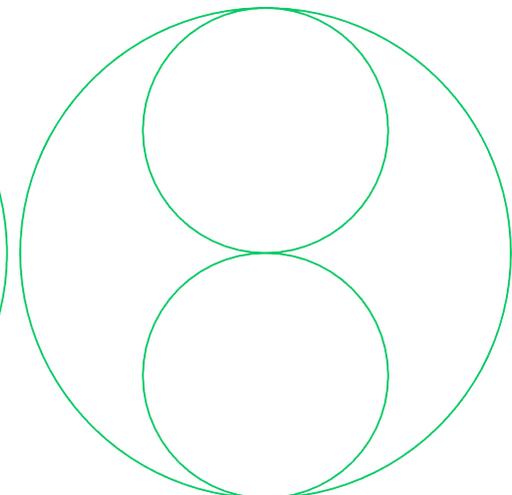


Fig. 4

### C. Save As "TRAY"

Step 1. Click **Save As**  (Ctrl-Shift-S) on the Quick Access Toolbar QAT.

Step 2. Key-in **TRAY** for the filename and press ENTER.

### D. Trim Divide.

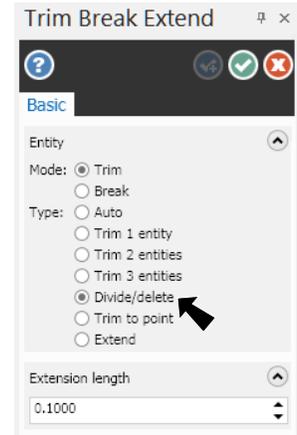
Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Trim Break Extend**



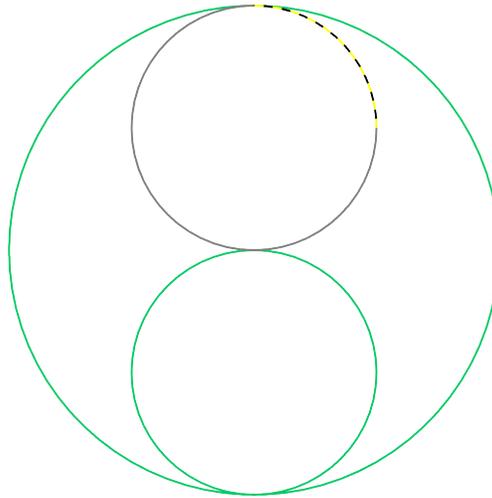
Step 2. In the Trim Break Extend function panel:

under Type, **Fig. 5**  
select **Divide/delete**  
Trim arcs, **Fig. 6-9**.

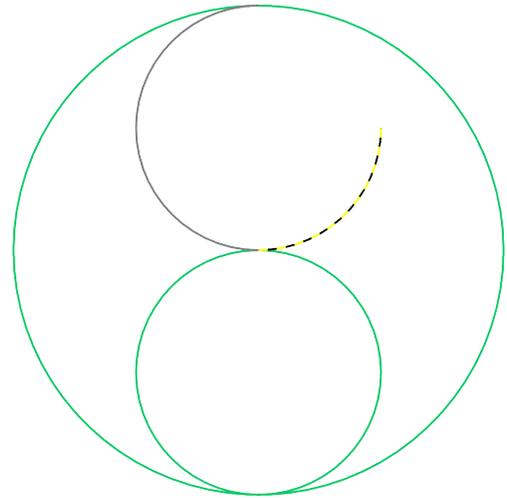
Click OK  when done.



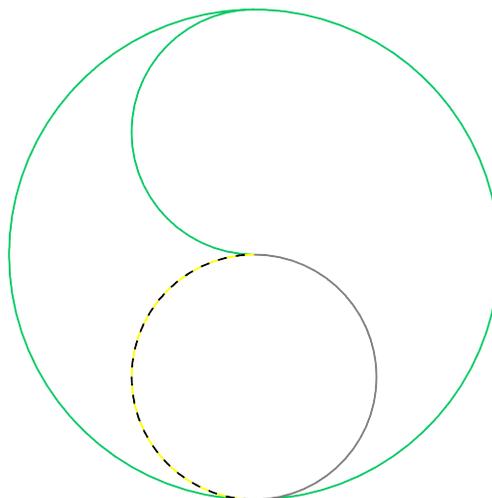
**Fig. 5**



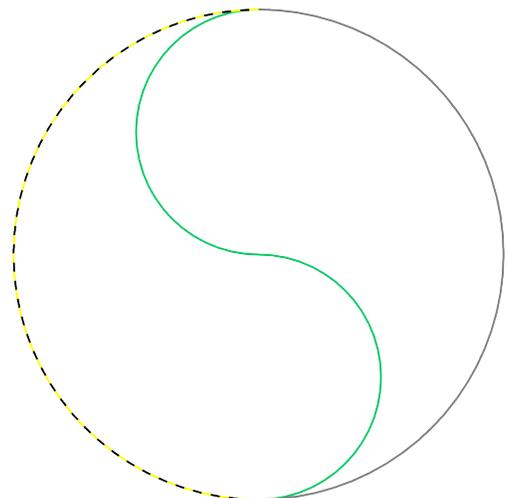
**Fig. 6**



**Fig. 7**



**Fig. 8**



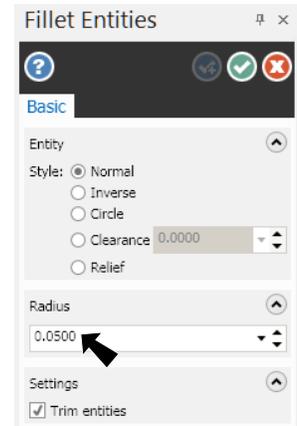
**Fig. 9**

## E. Fillet.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Fillet Entities**

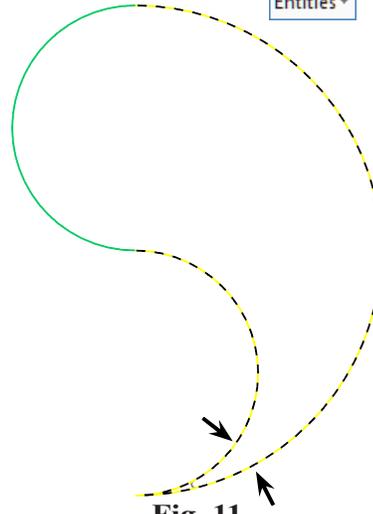


Step 2. In the Fillet Entities function panel:  
 under Radius, **Fig. 10**  
**Radius .05**  
 Click **both arcs at tip**, **Fig. 11**.  
 Click OK



**Fig. 10**

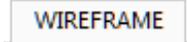
Step 3. Save (Ctrl-S).



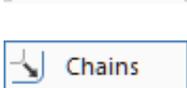
**Fig. 11**

## F. Offset Contour.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab



click **Chains**



on **Offset**



drop down.

Step 2. Click Chain in Chaining dialog box.

Step 3. Click **any arc**, **Fig. 12**.

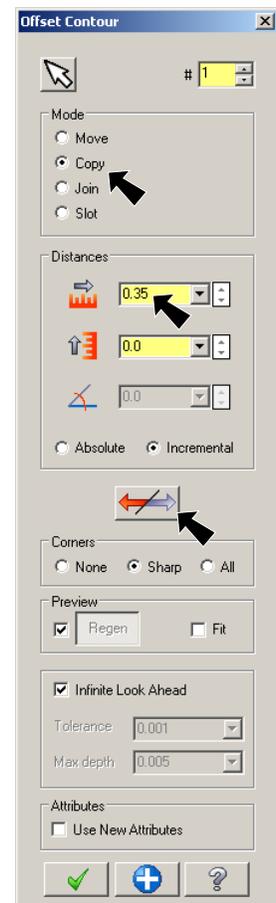
**Chain geometry** →

Step 4. Click OK in Chaining dialog box.

Step 5. In Offset Contour dialog box set:  
 under Mode, **Fig. 13**

Select **Copy**

Set **Distance** **.35**  
 and press ENTER.

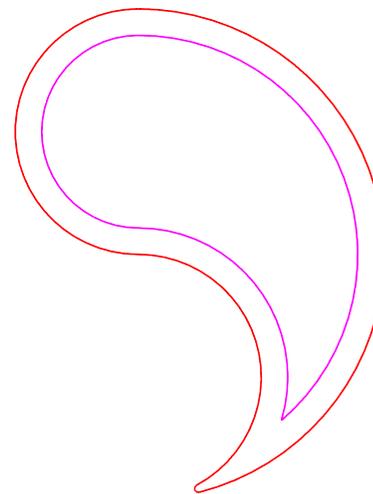


**Fig. 13**

The **purple offset** should be inside the red original, **Fig. 14**. If it is not, click **Direction** in Offset Contour dialog box, **Fig. 13**.

Click OK in Offset Contour dialog box.

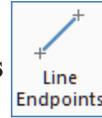
Step 6. **Right click** the graphics window and click **Clear Colors** .



**Fig. 14**

## G. Create Line.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Line Endpoints**



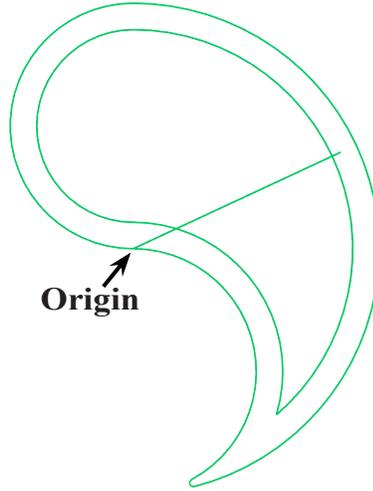
Step 2. In the Line Endpoints function panel: under Dimensions, **Fig. 15**

**Lock** **Angle**

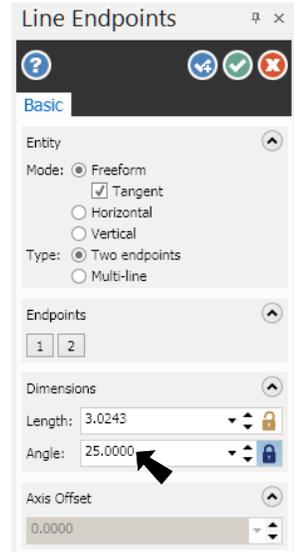
**Angle 25** and press ENTER

Sketch line from **Origin** up to **right out past offset arc**, **Fig. 16**.

Click OK



**Fig. 16**



**Fig. 15**

## H. Offset Lines.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME**

click **Offset**



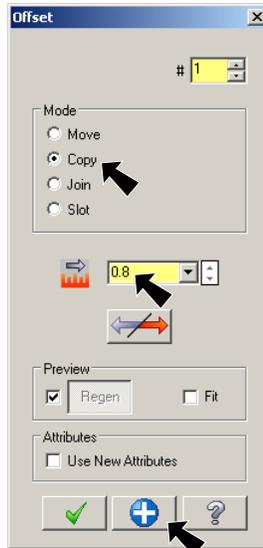
Step 2. In Offset dialog box: under Mode, **Fig. 17**

**Copy**

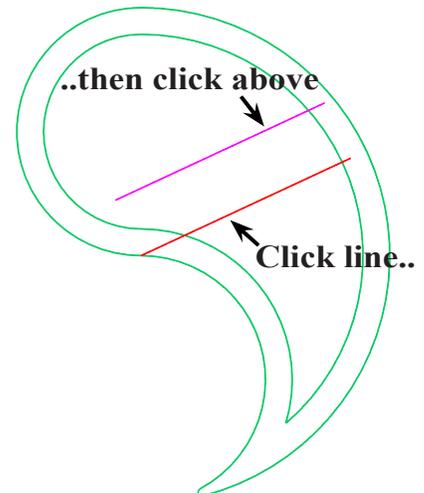
**Distance** **.8**

Click line, then click **above**, **Fig. 18**.

Click **Apply**



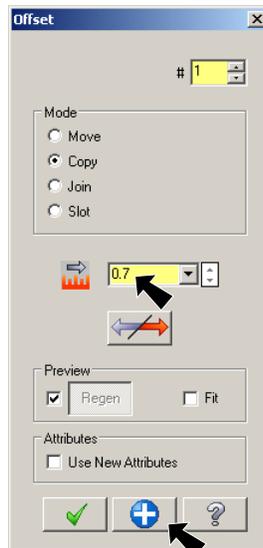
**Fig. 17**



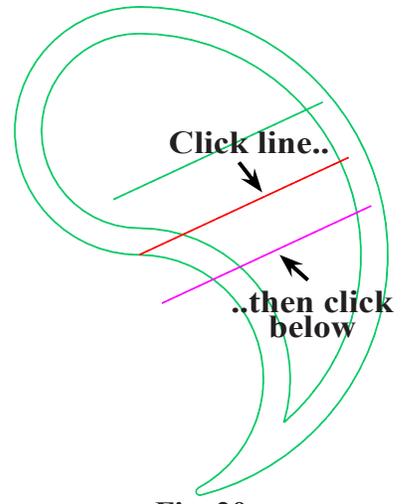
**Fig. 18**

Step 3. In Offset dialog box:  
 under Mode, **Fig. 19**  
**Distance**  **.7**  
 Click **angled line again**, then  
 click **below**, **Fig. 20**.

Click **Apply** .



**Fig. 19**

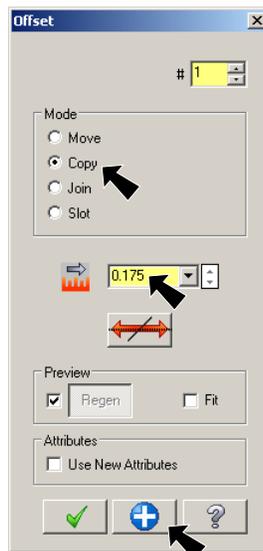


**Fig. 20**

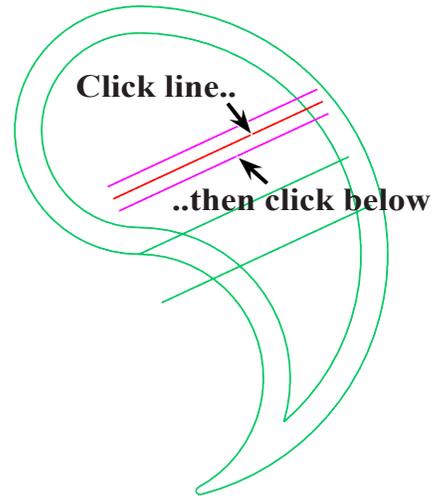
Step 4. In Offset dialog box:  
 under Mode, **Fig. 21**  
**Distance**  **.175**  
 Click **offset .8 line**, then click  
**below**, **Fig. 22**.

Click **Direction**  until  
 (twice) bi-directional lines appear,  
**Fig. 22**.

Click **Apply** .



**Fig. 21**

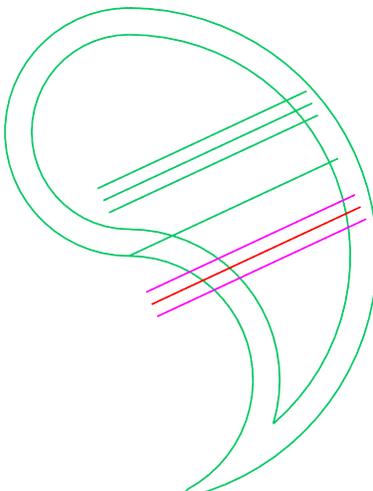


**Fig. 22**

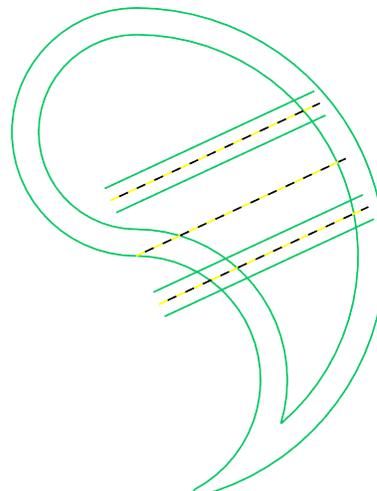
Step 5. In Offset dialog box:  
 Click **offset .7 line**, **Fig. 23**.  
 Click **OK** .

Step 6. **Right click** the graphics window and  
 click **Clear Colors** .

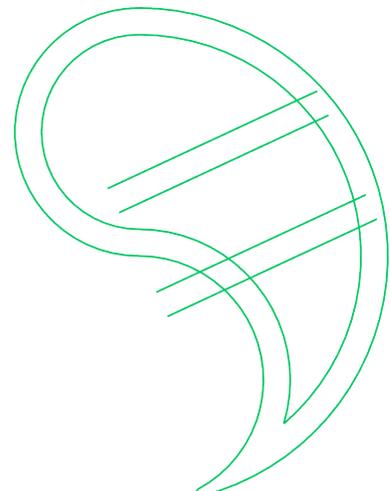
Step 7. **Delete the three centerlines.**  
 To delete, click and press Delete key,  
**Fig. 24** and **Fig. 25**.



**Fig. 23**



**Fig. 24**



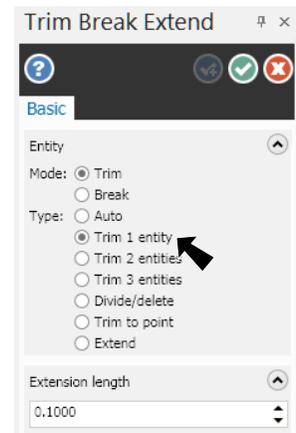
**Fig. 25**

## I. Trim Divide and Trim 1 Entity.

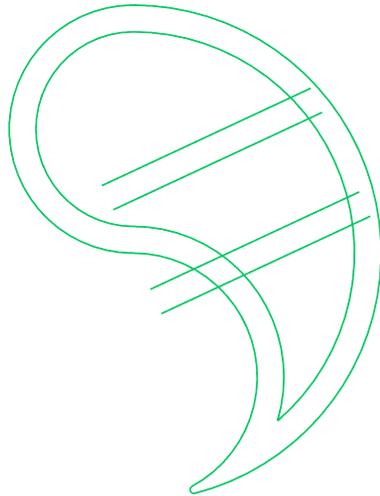
Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Trim Break Extend**



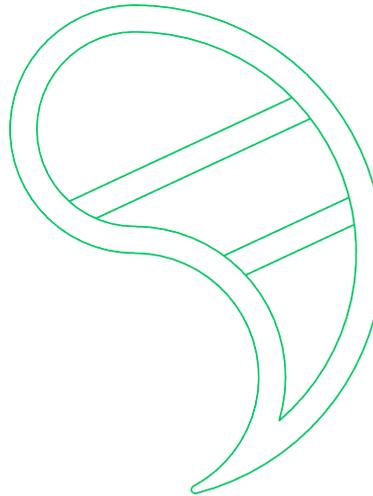
Step 2. In the Trim Break Extend function panel:  
under Type, **Fig. 26**  
select **Trim 1 entity**  
Trim lines to inside arc, **Fig. 27**.  
To trim, click line on side you want to keep, then click arc.



**Fig. 26**

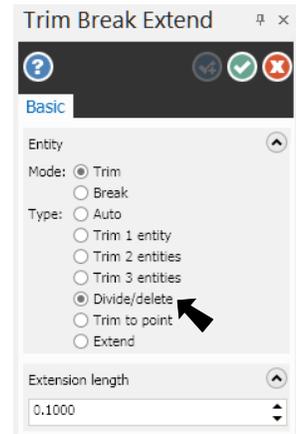


**Fig. 27**

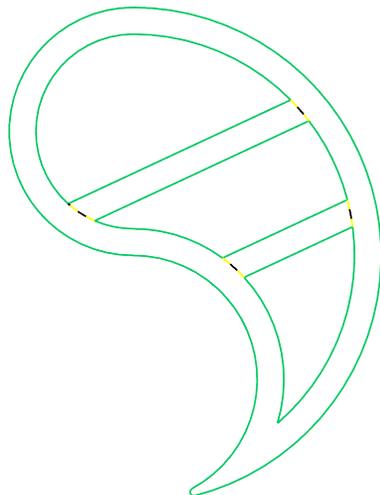


**Fig. 28**

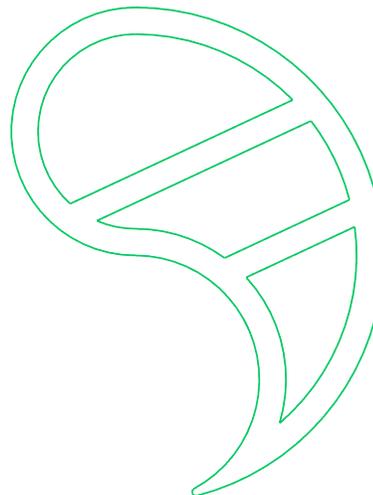
Step 3. In the Trim Break Extend function panel:  
under Type, **Fig. 29**  
select **Divide/delete**  
Trim all short arc segments between lines.  
To trim, click arc segment between lines, **Fig. 30**.  
Click OK  when done.



**Fig. 29**

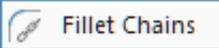


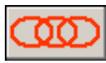
**Fig. 30**



**Fig. 31**

## J. Fillet Chains.

Step 1. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Fillet Chains**  on **Fillet Entities**  drop down.

Step 2. Click Chain  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 3. Chain geometry of **each pocket**, **Fig. 32**.

Step 4. Click OK  in the Chaining dialog box.

Step 5. In the Fillets Chains function panel:

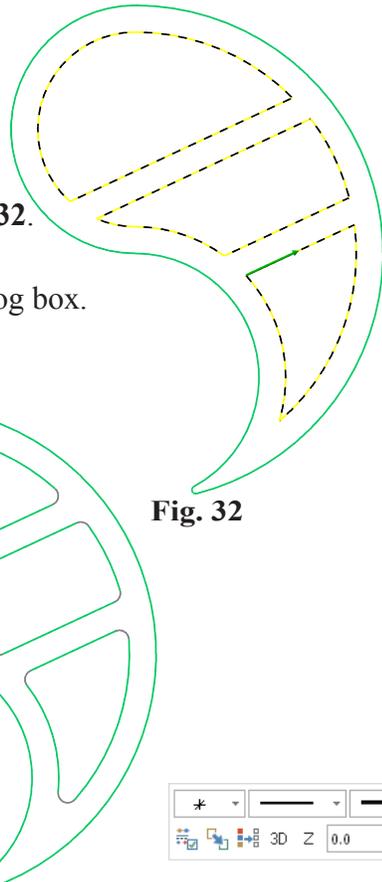
under Radius, **Fig. 33**

**Radius .125**

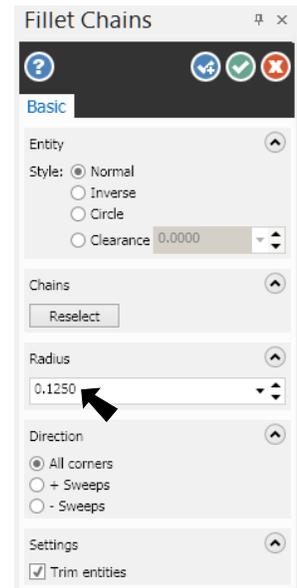
and press  
ENTER

Click OK .

Step 6. Save  (Ctrl-S).



**Fig. 32**



**Fig. 33**

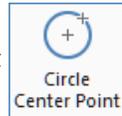
## K. Pin Hole Circle.

Step 1. **Right click** in the graphics window and on the Mini Toolbar click **Wireframe**

**Color**  drop down arrow and select **magenta**, **Fig. 35**.



**Fig. 35**

Step 2. On the Wireframe tab **WIREFRAME** click **Circle Center Point** .

Step 3. In the Circle Center Point function panel:

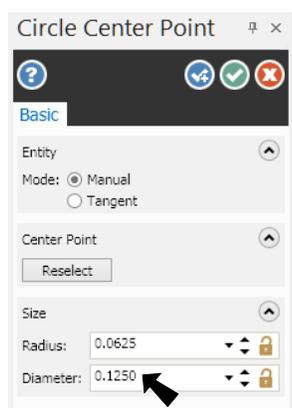
under Size, **Fig. 36**

**Diameter .125** and press ENTER

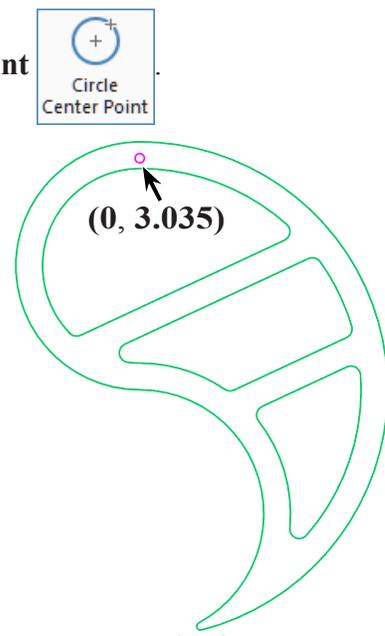
Key-in **0, 3.035**  in  
AutoCursor **Fast Point** and  
press ENTER **twice**.

Click OK .

Step 4. Save  (Ctrl-S).



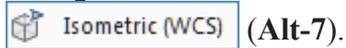
**Fig. 36**



**Fig. 37**

## L. Cut Pockets.

Step 1. Change to the Isometric View. **Right click** in the graphics window and click



Step 2. On the Solids tab **SOLIDS** click **Extrude**



Step 3. Click Chain  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 4. Click **outside arc** to chain, **Fig. 38**.

Step 5. Click OK  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 6. In the Solid Extrude function panel:

under Operation, **Fig. 39**

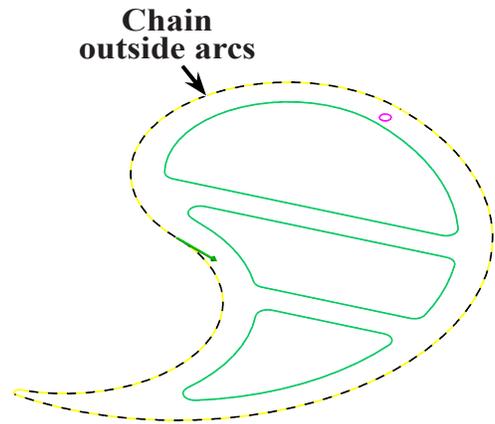
select **Create body**

under Distance

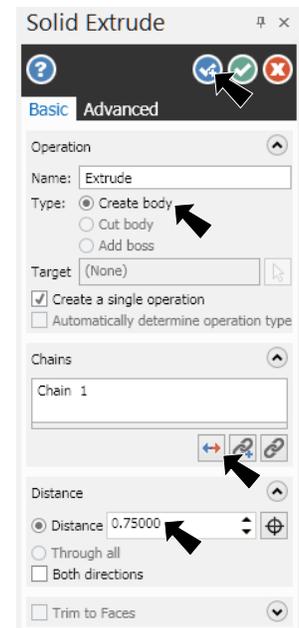
**Distance .75** and press ENTER

The direction arrow should **point down**, **Fig. 40**. If arrow points in wrong direction, click Reverse All , **Fig. 39**.

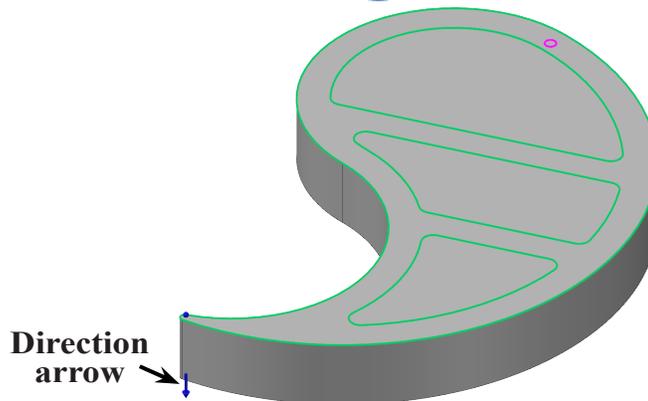
Click **OK and Create New Operation** .



**Fig. 38**



**Fig. 39**



**Fig. 40**

## M. Cut Pockets.

Step 1. Click Chain  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 2. Click any geometry of each pocket, Fig. 41.

Step 3. Click OK  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 4. In Solid Extrude function panel, Fig. 42

- Select **Cut Body**
- Select **Distance** 
- Set **Distance .65**

The direction arrow should point down, Fig. 43.

Click OK and Create New Operation .

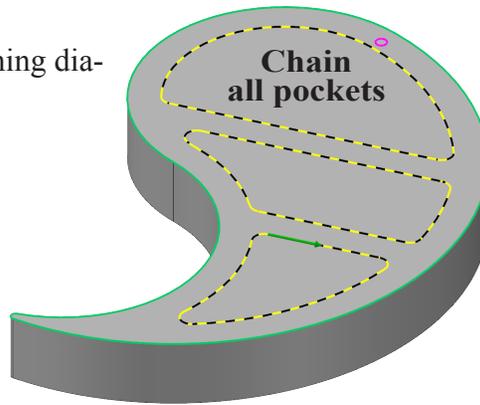


Fig. 41

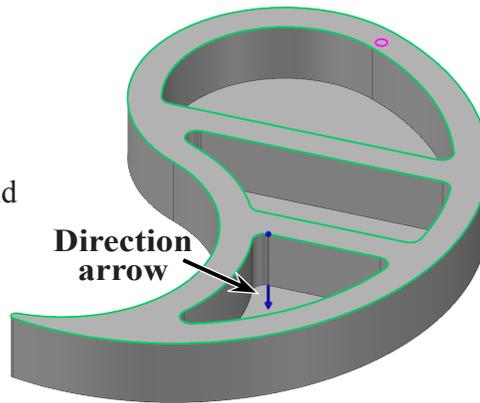


Fig. 43

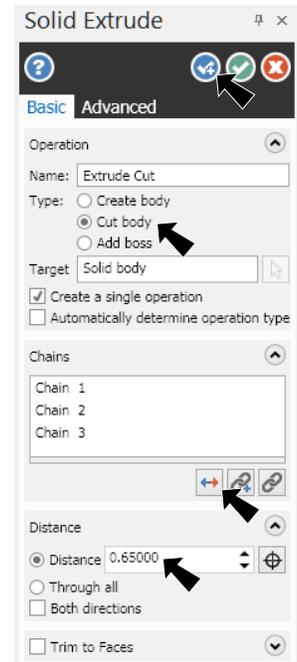


Fig. 42

## N. Cut Pin Holes.

Step 1. Click Chain  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 2. Click Pin hole (magenta) to chain, Fig. 44.

Step 3. Click OK  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 4. In the Solid Extrude function panel:

- under Operation, Fig. 45
- Select **Cut Body**
- under Distance
- Select **Through All**
- The direction arrow should point down, Fig. 46.

Click OK .

Step 5. Save  (Ctrl-S).

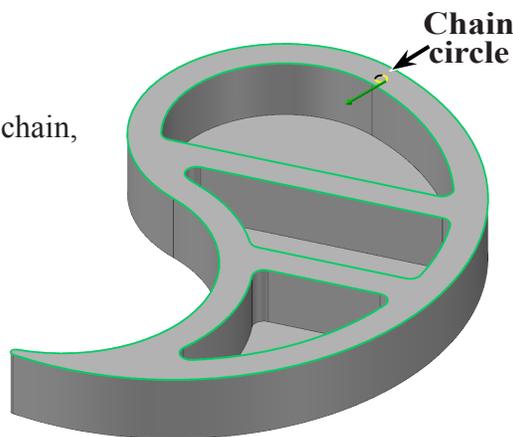


Fig. 44

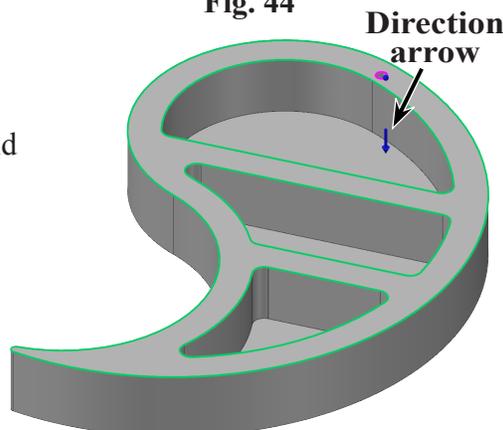


Fig. 46

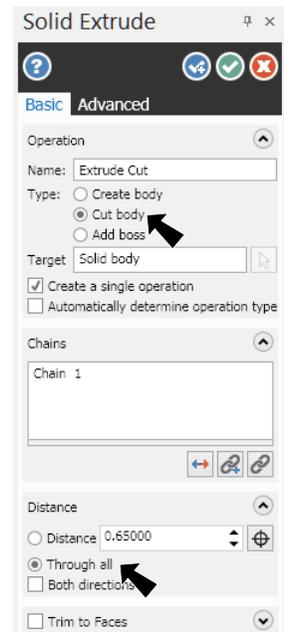


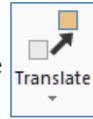
Fig. 45

## 0. Translate Solid.

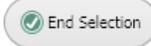
Step 1. Change to Top View. **Right click** in the graphics window and click  (Alt-1).

Step 2. Use **F9** to toggle Origin/Axis display on.

Step 3. On the Transform tab **TRANSFORM** click **Translate**



Step 4. Click the **solid body** to select it and click **End Selection**

 (ENTER), Fig. 47.

Step 5. In Translate dialog box set:

Select **Move**  Fig. 48

 .5

 .1

Click OK .

Step 6. Click Yes to move defining wireframe entities, Fig. 50.

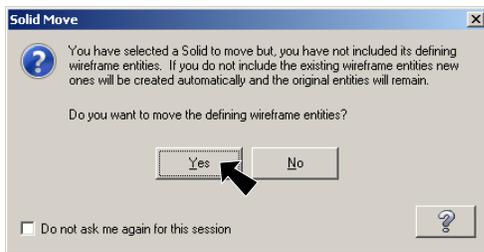


Fig. 50

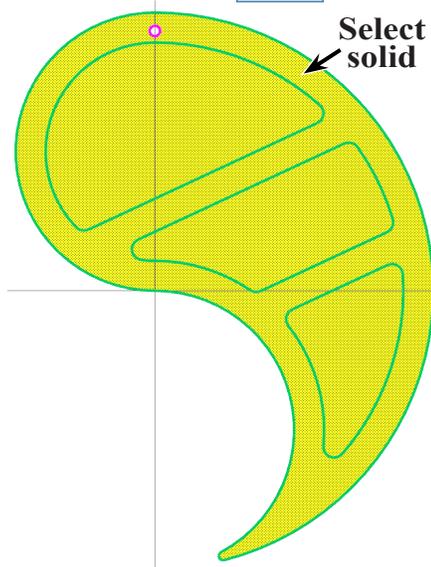


Fig. 47

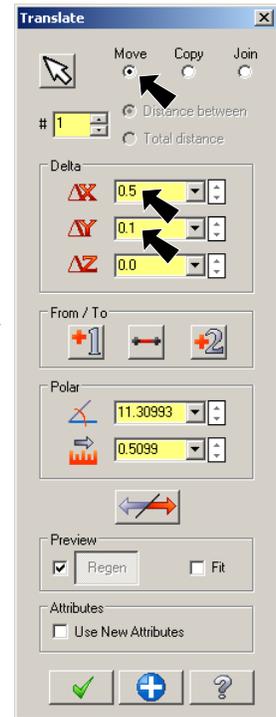


Fig. 48

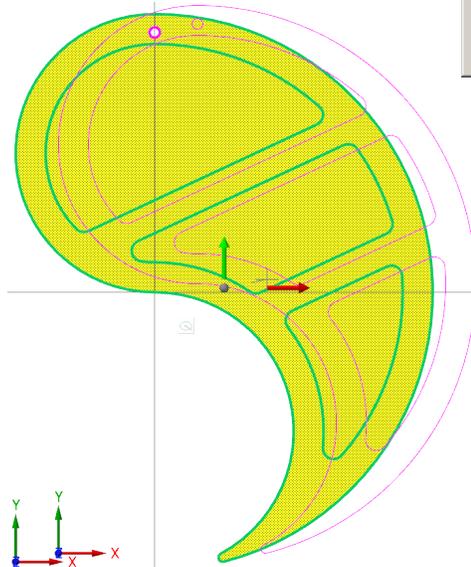
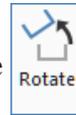


Fig. 49

## P. Rotate Solid.

Step 1. On the Transform tab **TRANSFORM** click **Rotate**



Step 2. Drag a window selection around all to select all and click **End Selection** (ENTER), Fig. 51.

Step 3. In Rotate dialog box set:

**Copy** Fig. 52

**Number of Steps** # 1

**Rotation Angle** 180

Click OK

Step 4. **Right click** the graphics window and click **Clear Colors**



Step 5. Save (Ctrl-S).

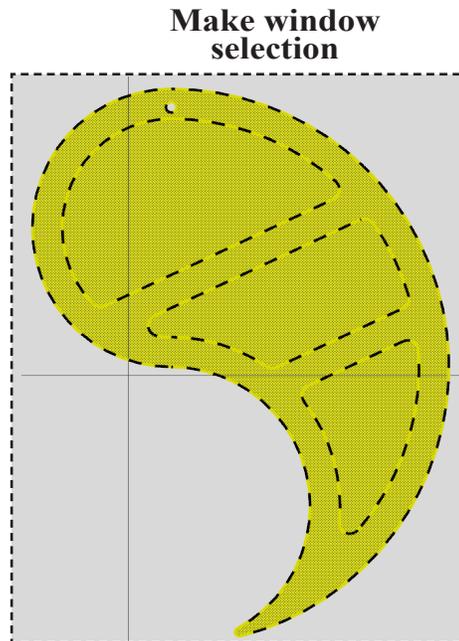


Fig. 51

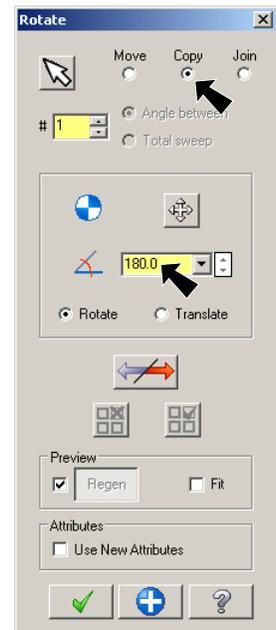


Fig. 52

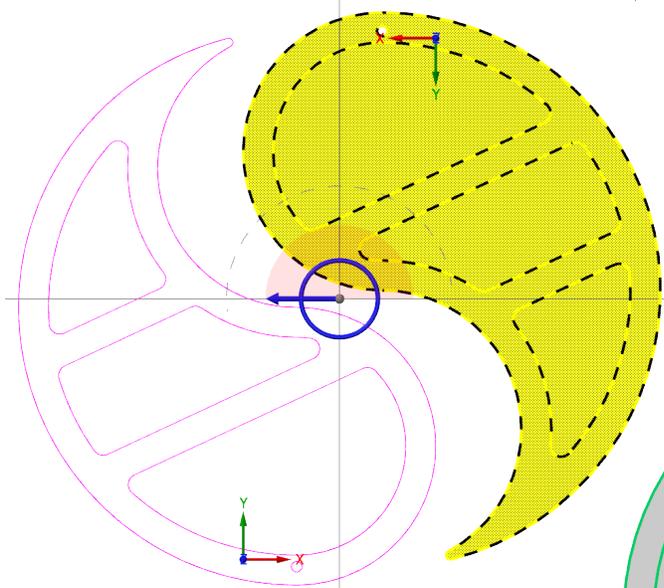


Fig. 53

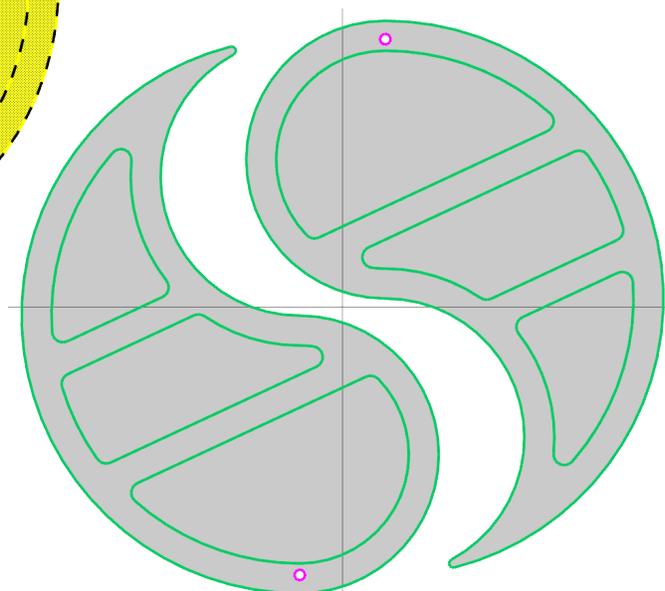


Fig. 54

## Q. Machine Type and Stock Setup.

Step 1. Change to the Isometric View. **Right click** in the graphics window and click  **Isometric (WCS)** (Alt-7).

Step 2. If necessary, display Toolpaths Manager. On the View tab  click  **Toolpaths** (Alt-O).

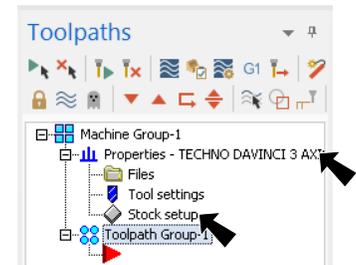
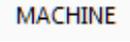


Fig. 55

Step 3. If Machine Group is **not** displayed in the Toolpaths Manager, **Fig. 55** on the Machine tab ,

click Machine  > Default from the menu.

Step 4. Expand **Properties** in the Toolpaths Manager and click **Stock Setup**, **Fig. 55**.

Step 5. Confirm Stock Plane is **Top**, **Fig. 56**.

Step 6. Confirm **Display** is checked.

Step 7. Key-in for X, Y and Z stock dimensions:

**X 8**  
**Y 8**  
**Z .75**

Step 8. Confirm Stock Origin coordinates:

**X 0**  
**Y 0**  
**Z 0**

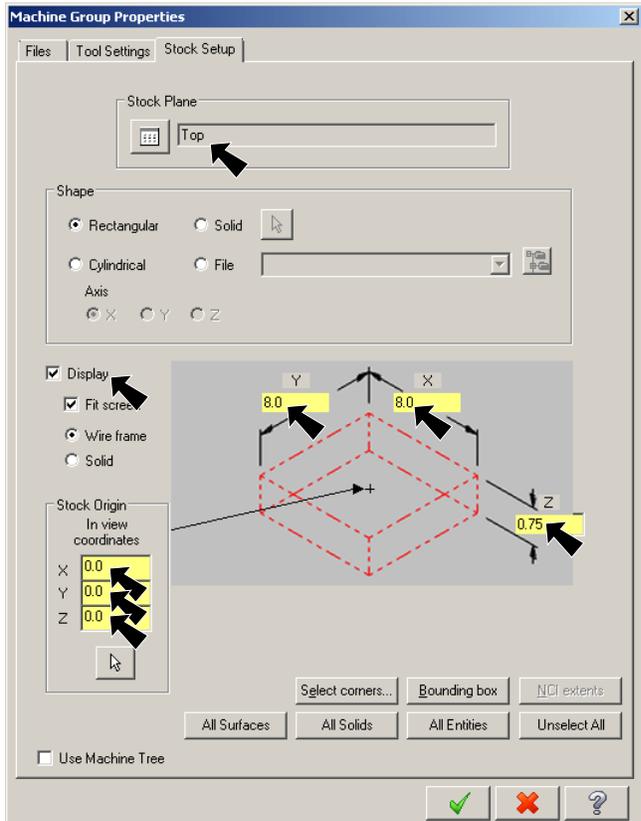


Fig. 56

Step 9. Click OK  in the Machine Group Properties.

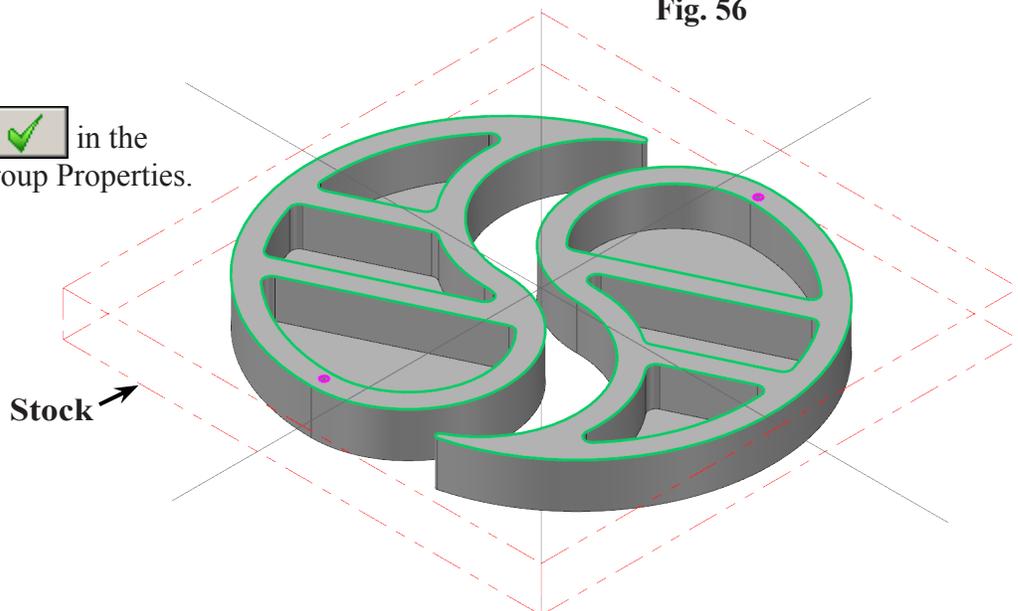


Fig. 57

## R. Dynamic Mill Toolpath.

Step 1. On the Toolpaths tab **TOOLPATHS** in the 2D group click **Dy-**



amic Mill

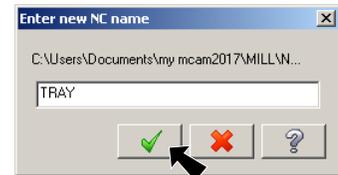


Fig. 58

Step 2. Click OK  in the NC name dialog, **Fig. 58.**

Step 3. Select **Machining regions**  button in Chain Options dialog box, **Fig. 59.**

Step 4. Select **Chain**  in Chaining dialog box, **Fig. 60.**

Step 5. Click **any geometry of each pocket** to chain all pockets and click OK  in Chain dialog box, **Fig 61.**

Step 6. Click OK  in the Chain Options box, **Fig 62.**

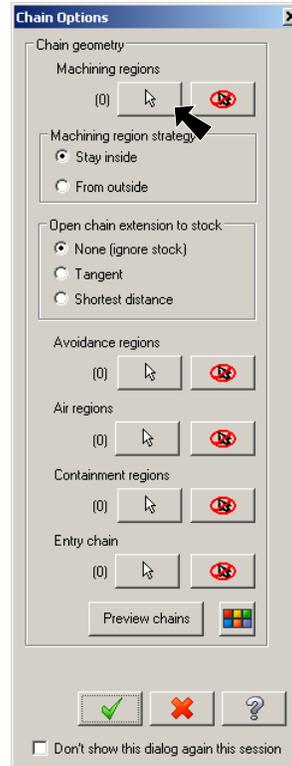


Fig. 59

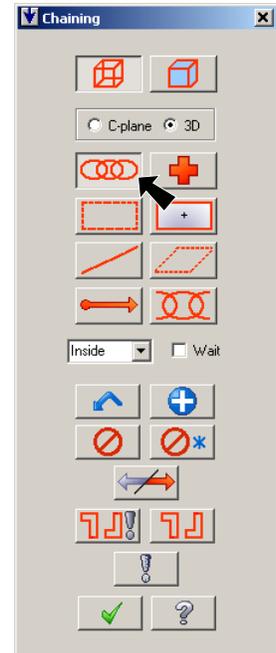


Fig. 60

Chain all pockets  
for machining  
regions

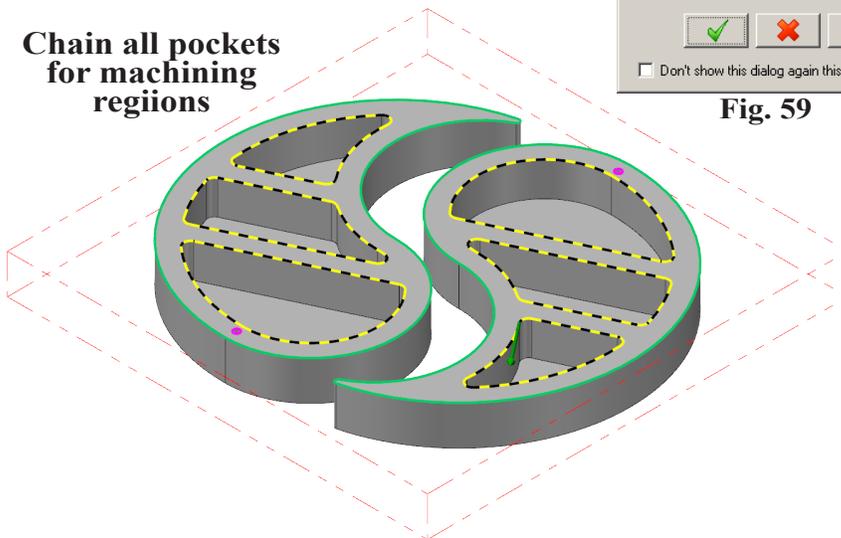


Fig. 61

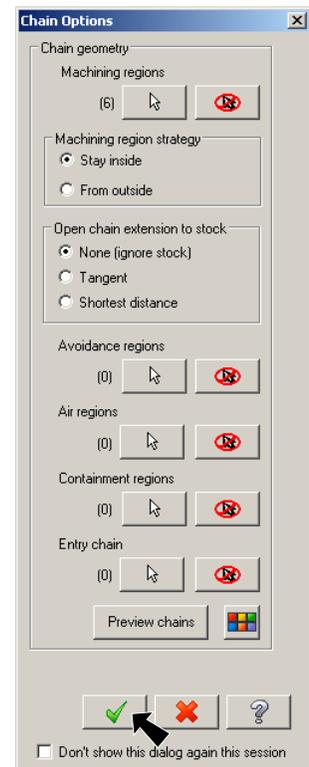


Fig. 62

Step 7. Select **Toolpath Type** from the tree control and confirm:

**Dynamic Mill** toolpath

**Machining regions 6**  
Fig. 63.

Step 8. Select **Tool** from tree control and:

Click **Select library tool**  
Fig. 64.

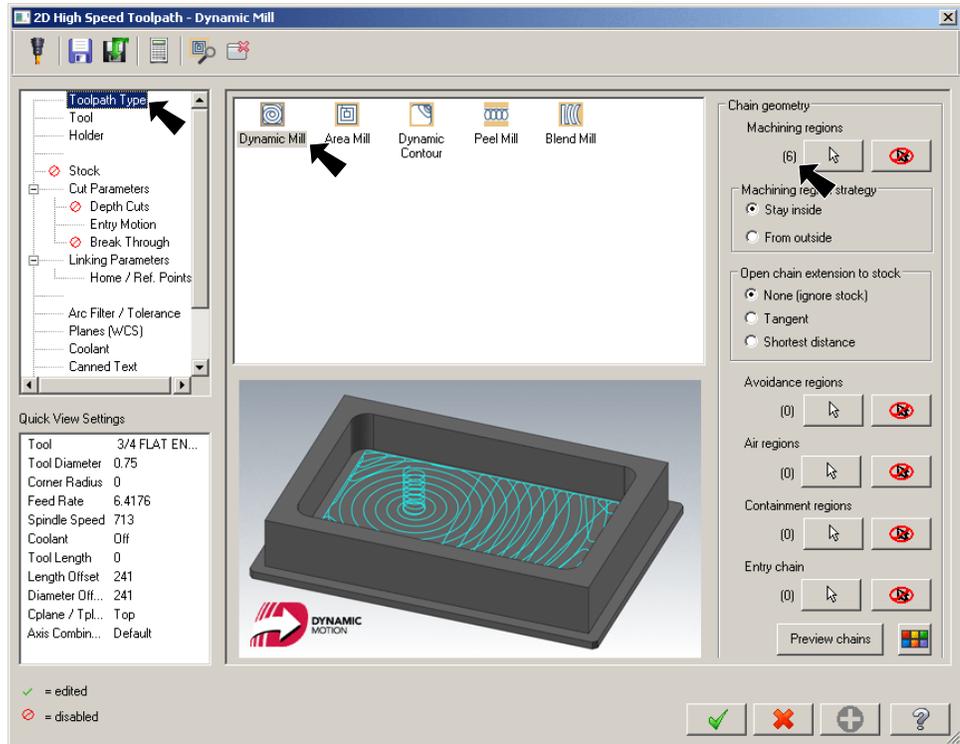


Fig. 63

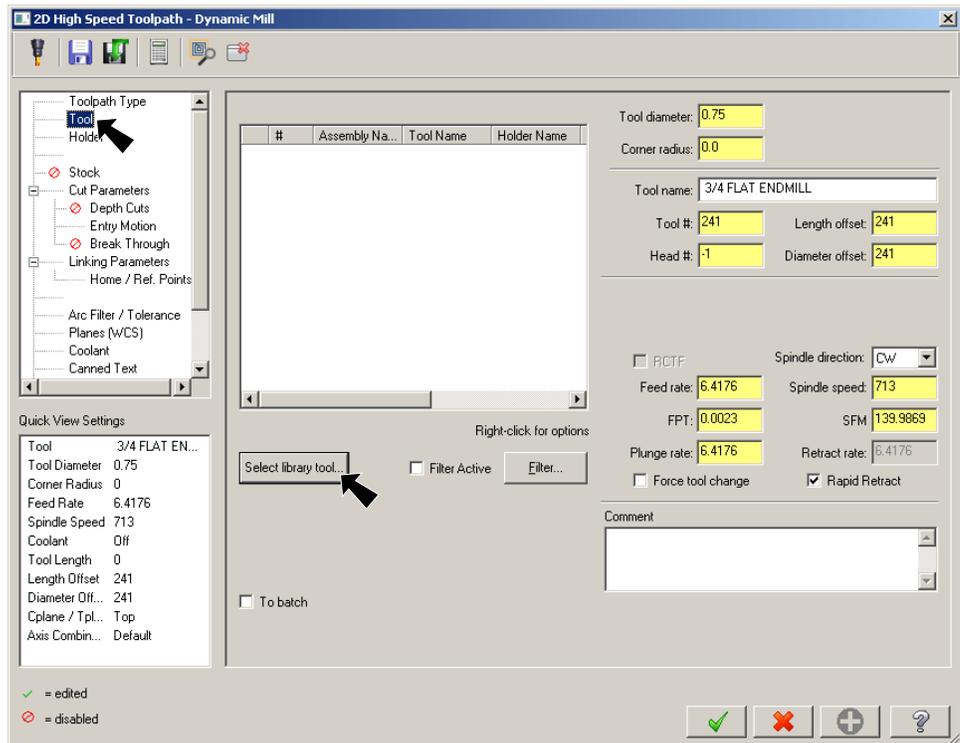
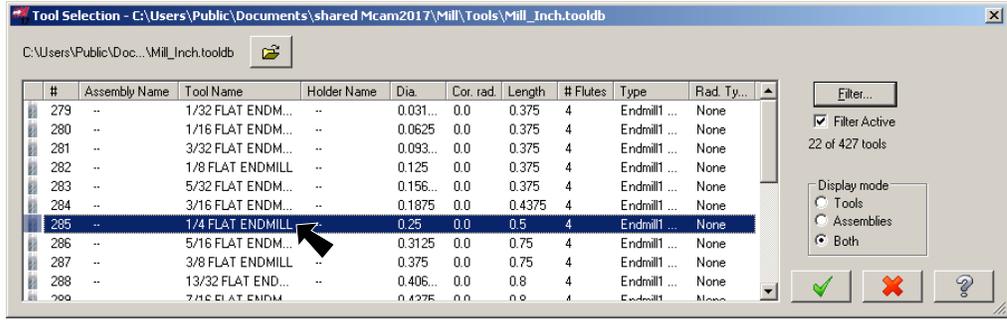


Fig. 64

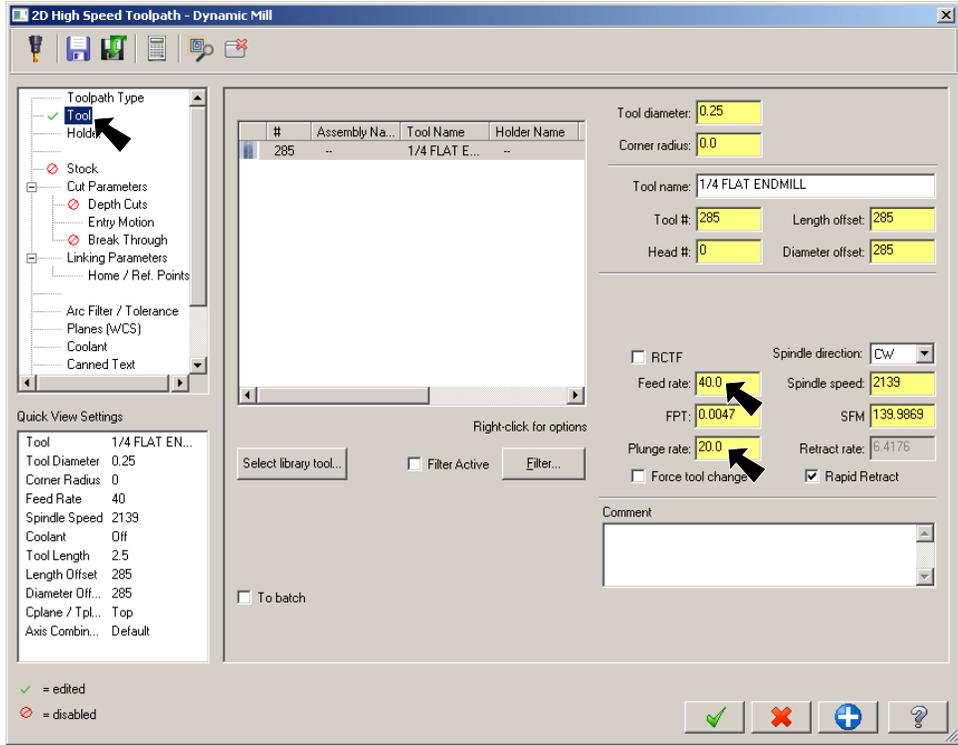
Step 9. Click **285**  
**1/4 FLAT**  
**ENDMILL**  
 and click  
**OK**  
**Fig. 65.**



**Fig. 65**

Step 10. Back in  
**Tool** page  
 set:

**Feed rate 40**  
**Plunge rate 20**  
**Fig. 66.**



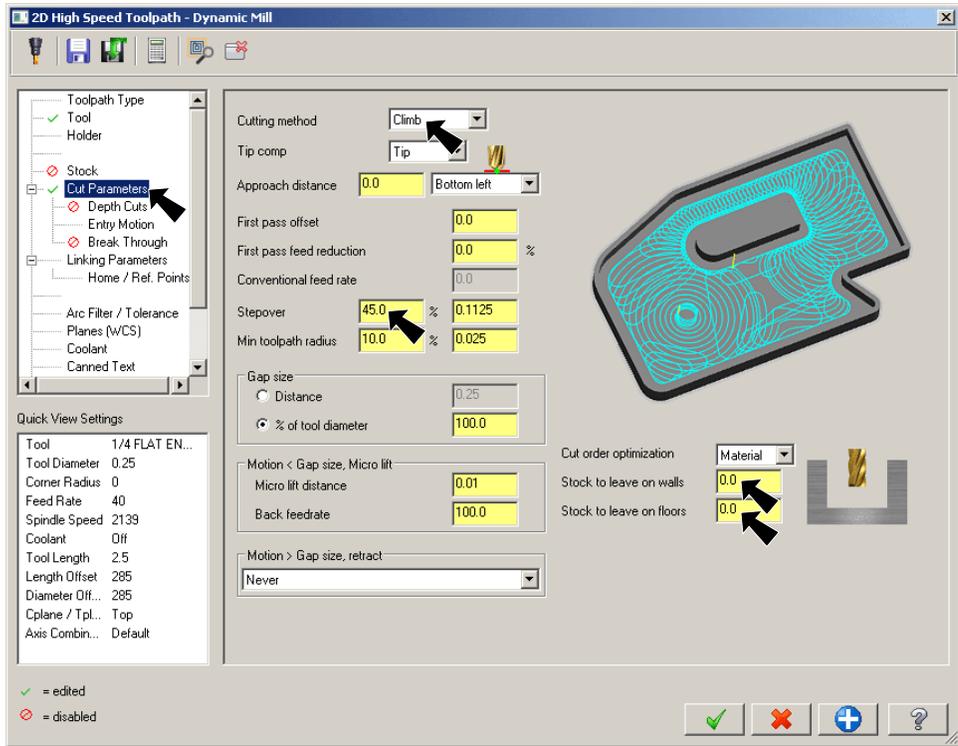
**Fig. 66**

Step 11. Select Cut Parameters from tree control and set:

**Cutting method Climb**

**Stepover 45%**

**Stock to leave on walls and floors 0**  
**Fig. 67.**

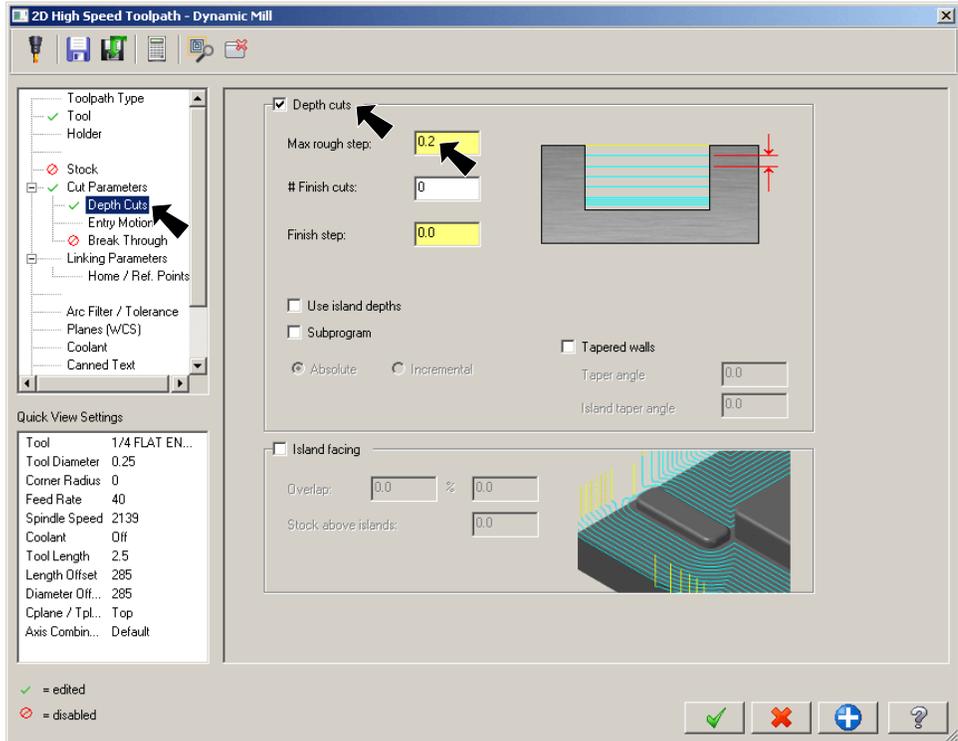


**Fig. 67**

Step 12. Select Depth Cuts from tree control and set:

**Check Depth cuts**

**Max rough step .2**  
**Fig. 68.**



**Fig. 68**

Step 13. Select **Entry Motion** from tree control and set:

**Plunge angle**  
**10**  
**Fig. 69.**

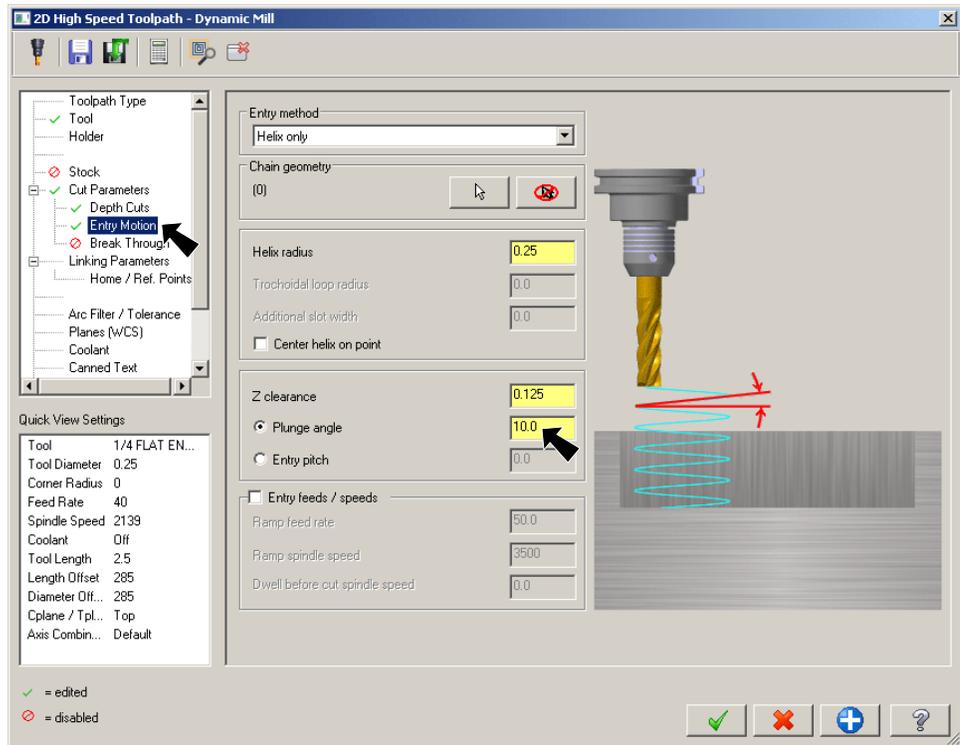
Step 14. Select **Linking Parameters** from tree control and set:

**Clearance 1**  
**Depth -.65**  
**Fig. 70.**

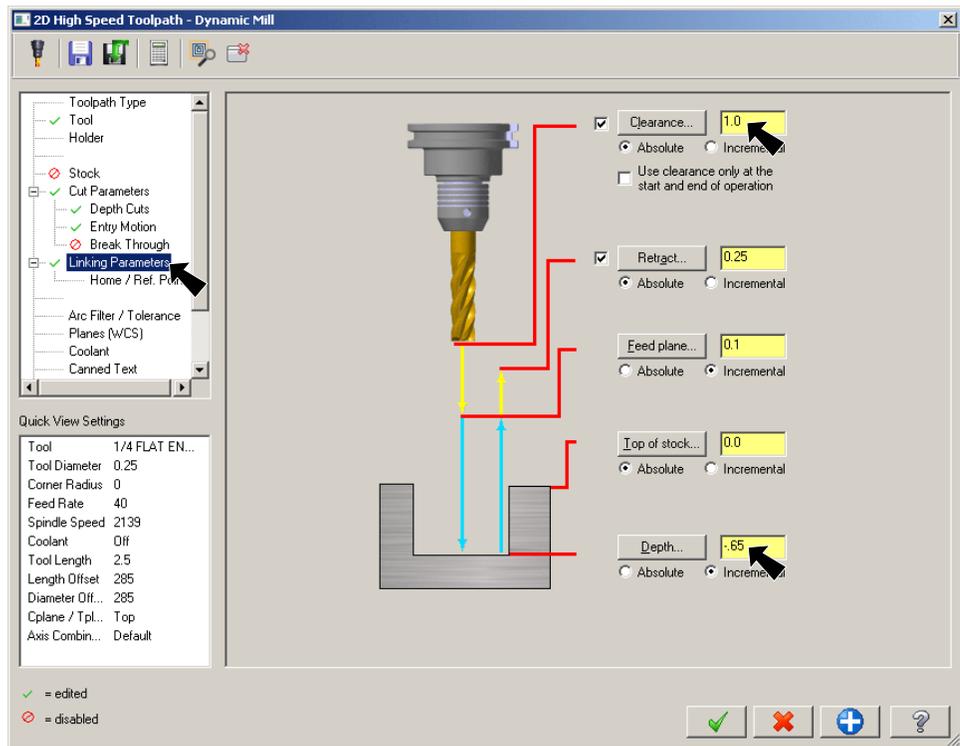
Step 15. Click  in Dynamic Mill dialog box.

Step 16. Allow Mastercam to calculate the toolpath.

Step 17. Save  (**Ctrl-S**).



**Fig. 69**



**Fig. 70**

## S. Contour Toolpath.

Step 1. Use **Alt-T** to turn off toolpath display.

Step 2. On the Toolpaths tab **TOOLPATHS** in the 2D group click **Contour**



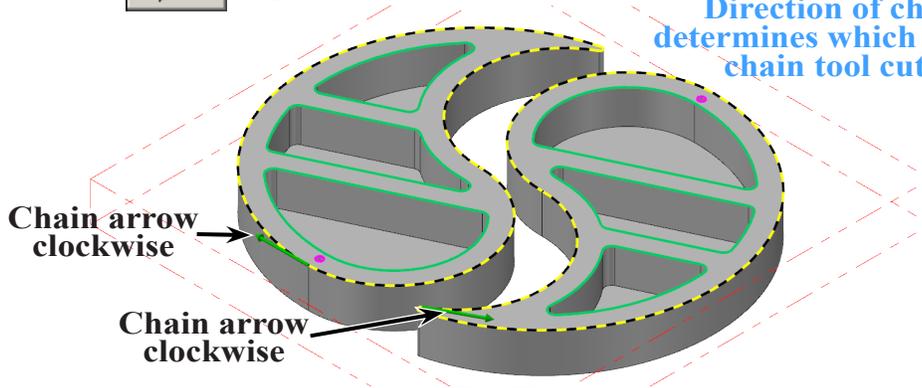
Step 3. Click **Chain**  (C) in Chaining dialog box, **Fig. 71**.

Step 4. Click **both outside edge geometry** to chain both, **Fig. 72**. The chain arrow should point **clockwise** around **each** chain. If a chaining directions arrow is pointing in the opposite direction - click Reverse

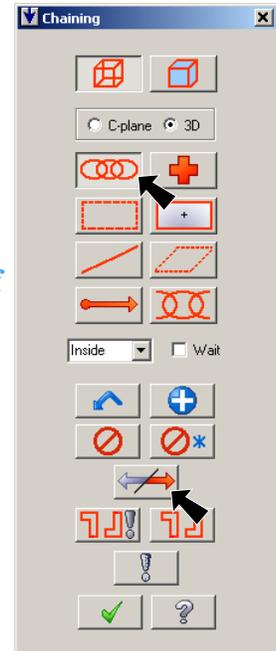


, **Fig. 71**.

**Confirm chains!**  
Direction of chain  
determines which side of  
chain tool cuts!



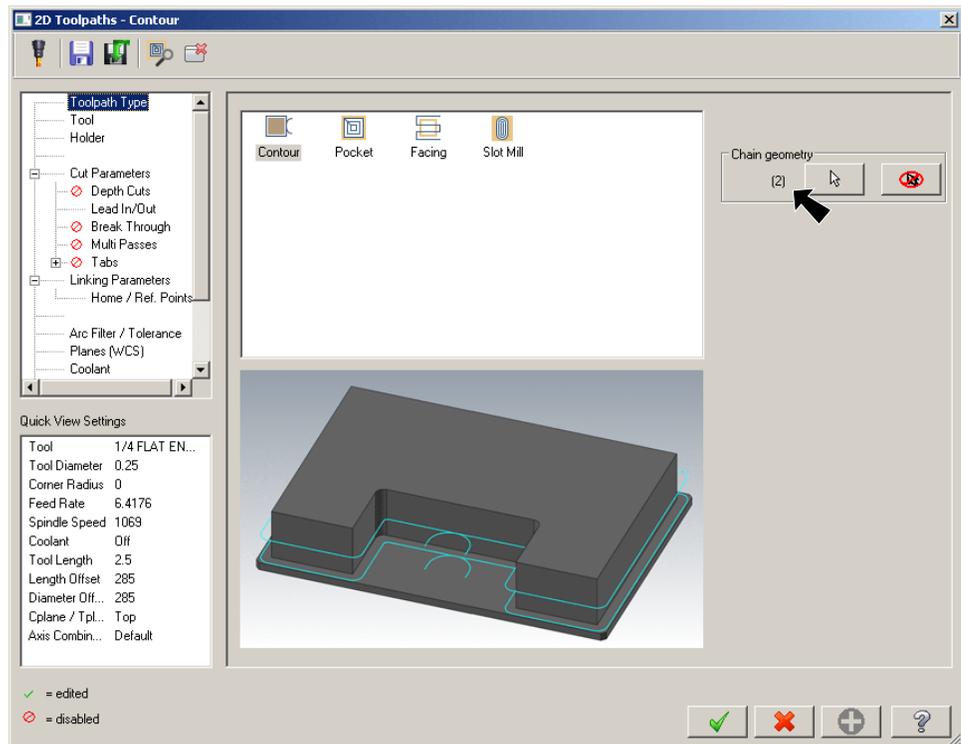
**Fig. 72**



**Fig. 71**

Step 5. Click OK  in Chaining dialog box.

Step 6. In the 2D Toolpaths Contour dialog box confirm **2 Chains** **Fig. 73**.



**Fig. 73**

Step 7. Select **Tool** from the tree control and:

Confirm **285 1/4 FLAT ENDMILL**

**Feed rate 40**

**Plunge rate 20**  
**Fig. 74.**

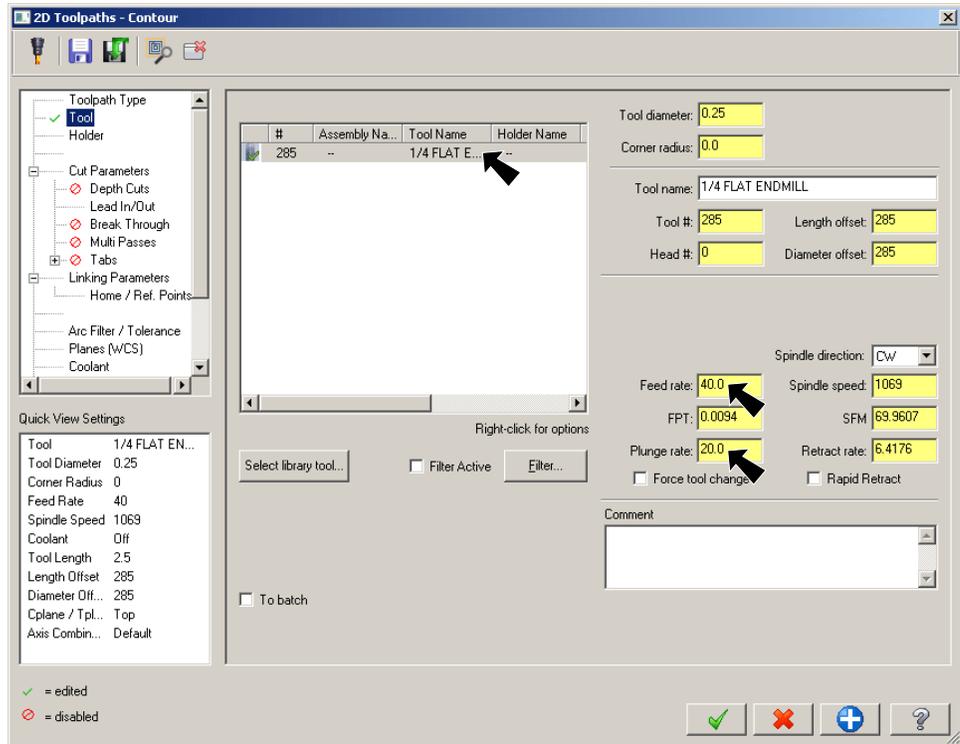
Step 8. Select **Cut Parameters** from tree control and set:

**Compensation type Wear**

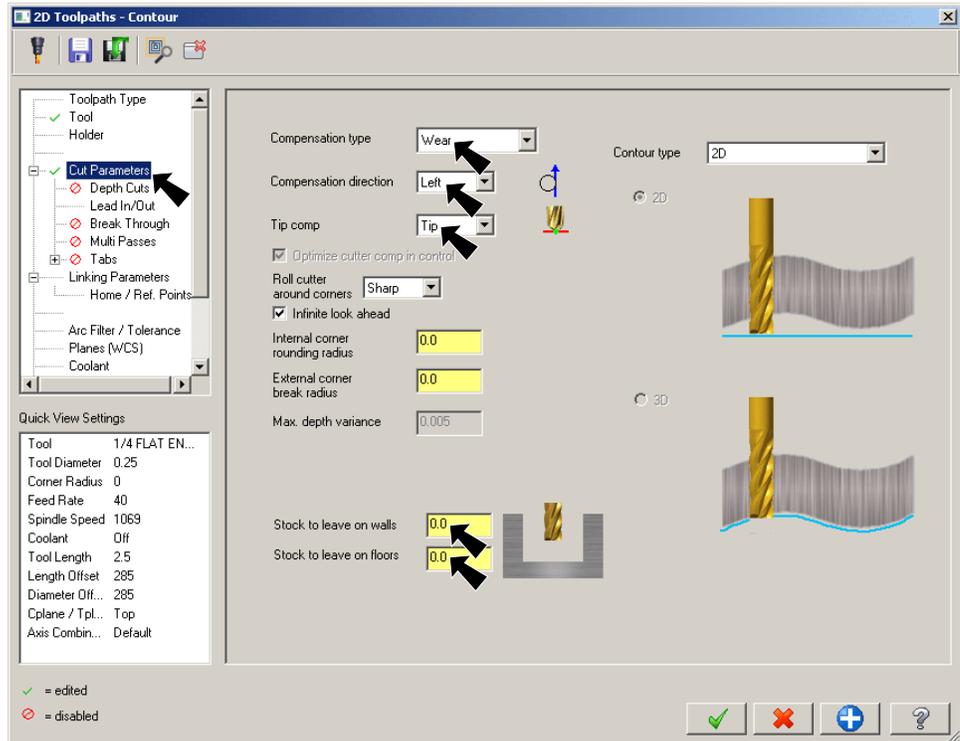
**Compensation direction Left**

**Tip comp: Tip**

**Stock to leave on walls and floors 0**  
**Fig. 75.**



**Fig. 74**



**Fig. 75**

Step 9. Select **Depth Cuts** from tree control and set:

Check **Depth cuts**

Max rough **step .2**

Check **Keep tool down**  
Fig. 76.

Step 10. Select **Lead In/Out** from tree control and set:

Uncheck **Lead In/Out**  
Fig. 77.

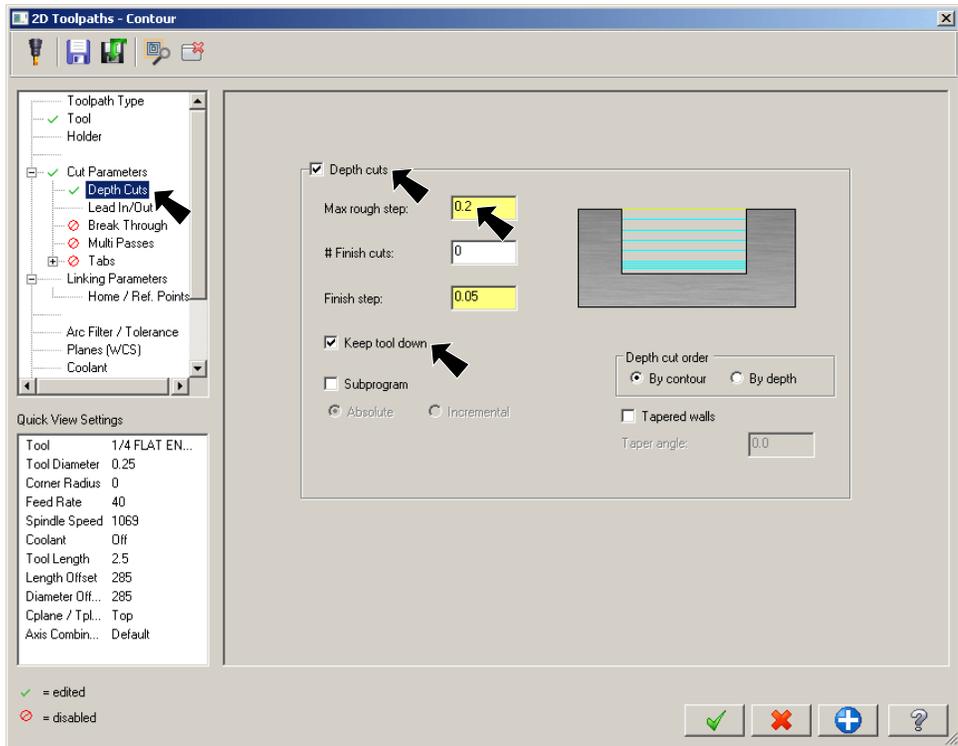


Fig. 76

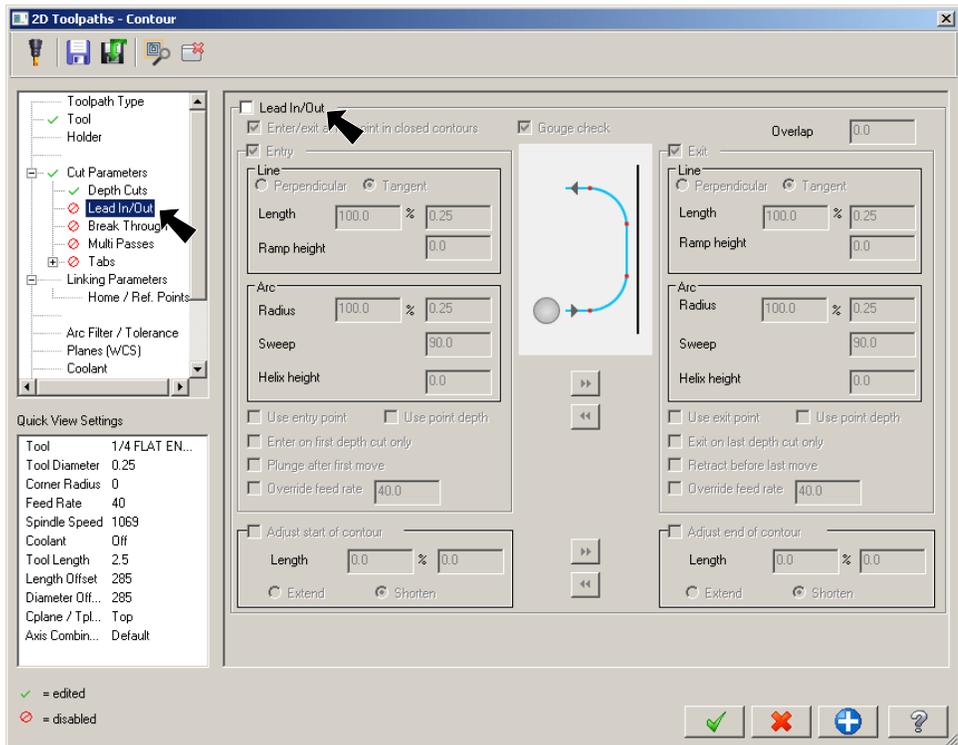
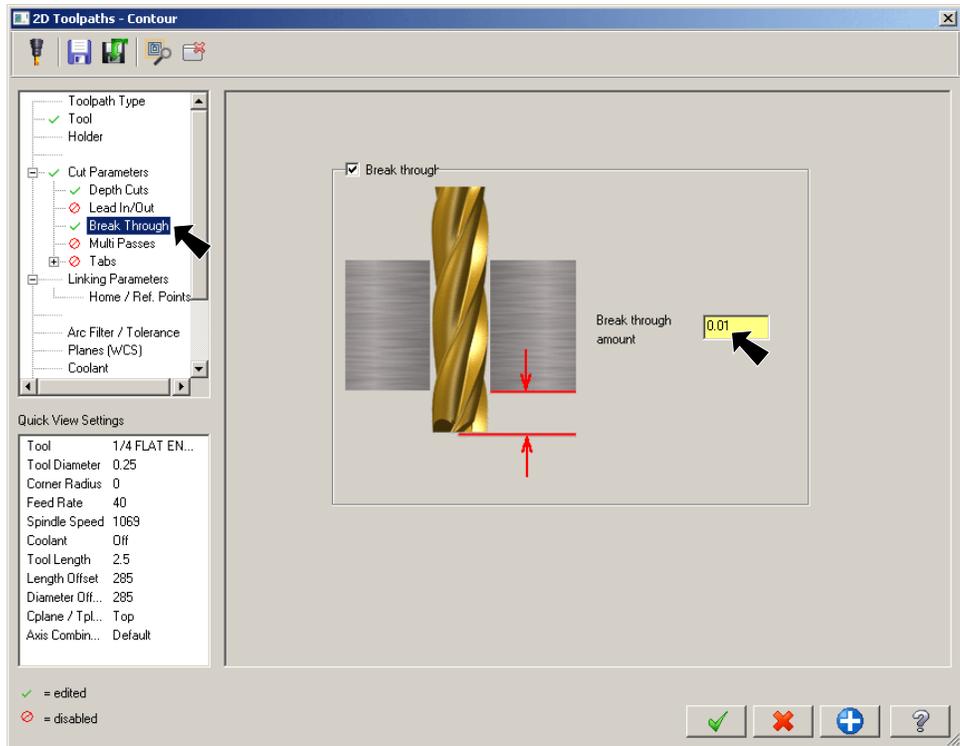


Fig. 77

Step 11. Select **Break Through** from tree control and set:

Check **Break through**

**Break through amount .01**  
**Fig. 78.**

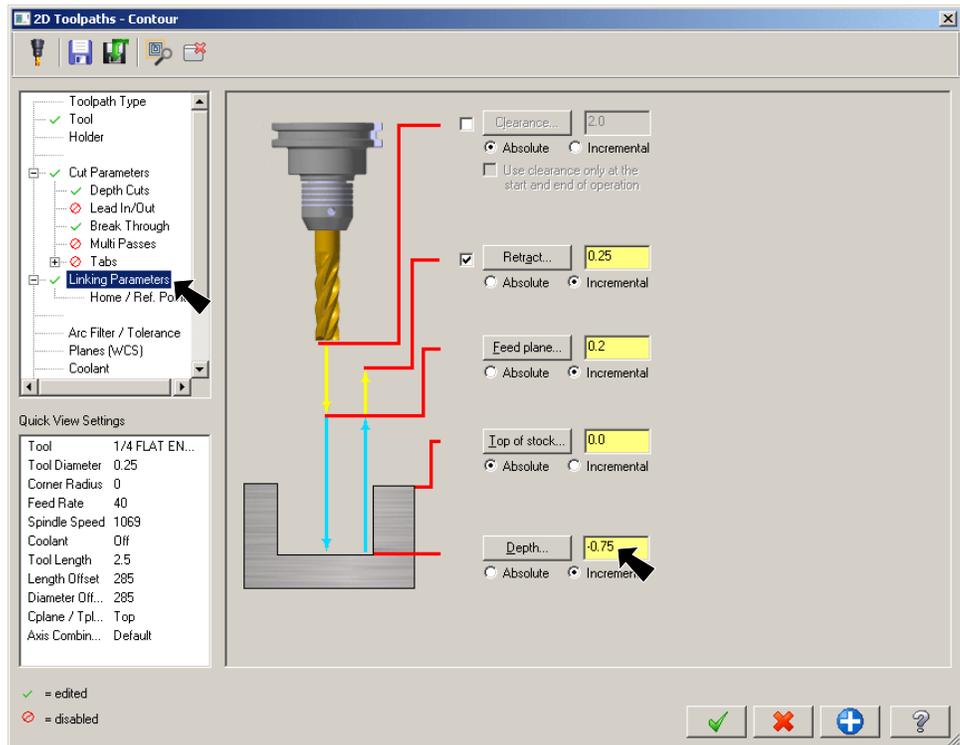


**Fig. 78**

Step 13. Click OK



Step 14. Save  (Ctrl-S).



**Fig. 79**

## T. Verify Toolpaths.

Step 1. Click **Toolpath Group-1** in the Toolpaths Manager to select **Dynamic Mill and Contour** toolpaths, **Fig. 80**.

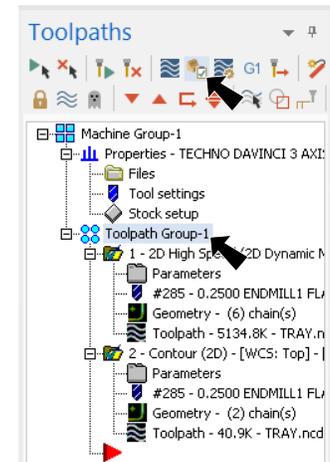
Step 2. Click **Verify**  in the Toolpaths Manager, **Fig. 80**.

Step 3. Click **Play**  (R) in VCR bar.

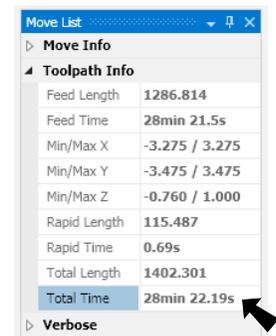
Step 4. Note **Total Time** to run program under Toolpath Info in the Move List panel (**roughly 28 minutes 22 seconds**), **Fig. 81**.

Step 5. Confirm Contour toolpath is cutting outside green arc geometry, **Fig. 82**.

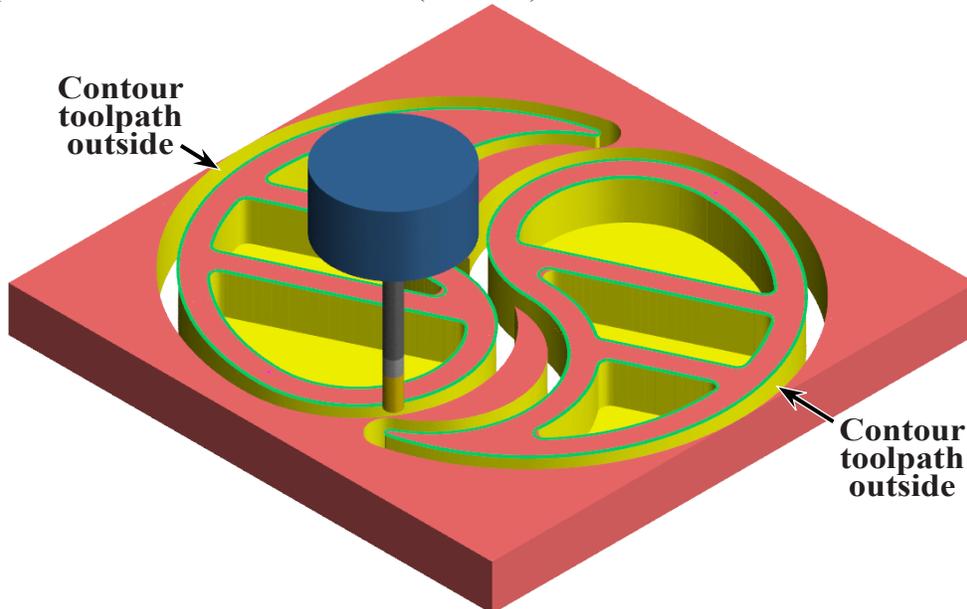
Step 6. Switch back to Mastercam (Alt-Tab).



**Fig. 80**



**Fig. 81**



**Fig. 82**

## U. FBM Drill Toolpath Right Tray.

Step 1. On the Toolpaths tab **TOOLPATHS** in the 2D group click **Expand gallery** button and click

**FBM Drill**  , Fig. 83.

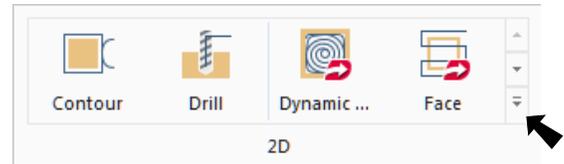


Fig. 83

Step 2. Click the **right Tray solid**, Fig. 84.

Step 3. Select **Hole Detection** from the tree control and set:

Confirm **Limit search to plane Top** Fig. 85.

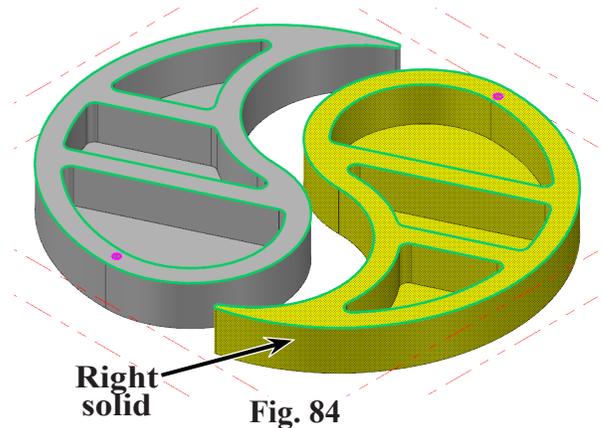


Fig. 84

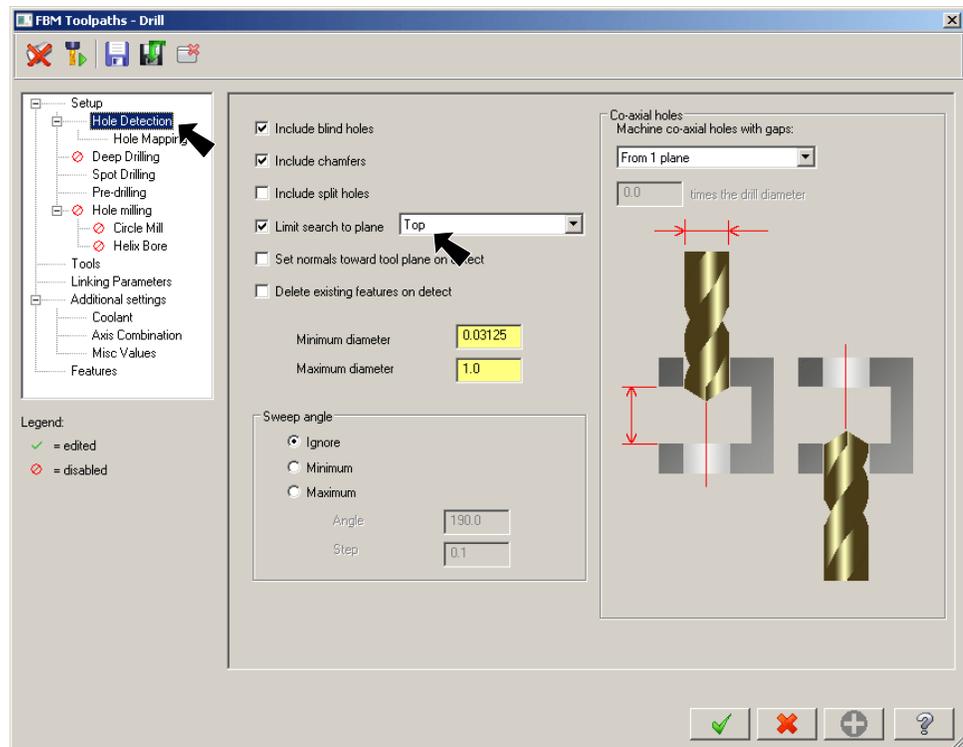
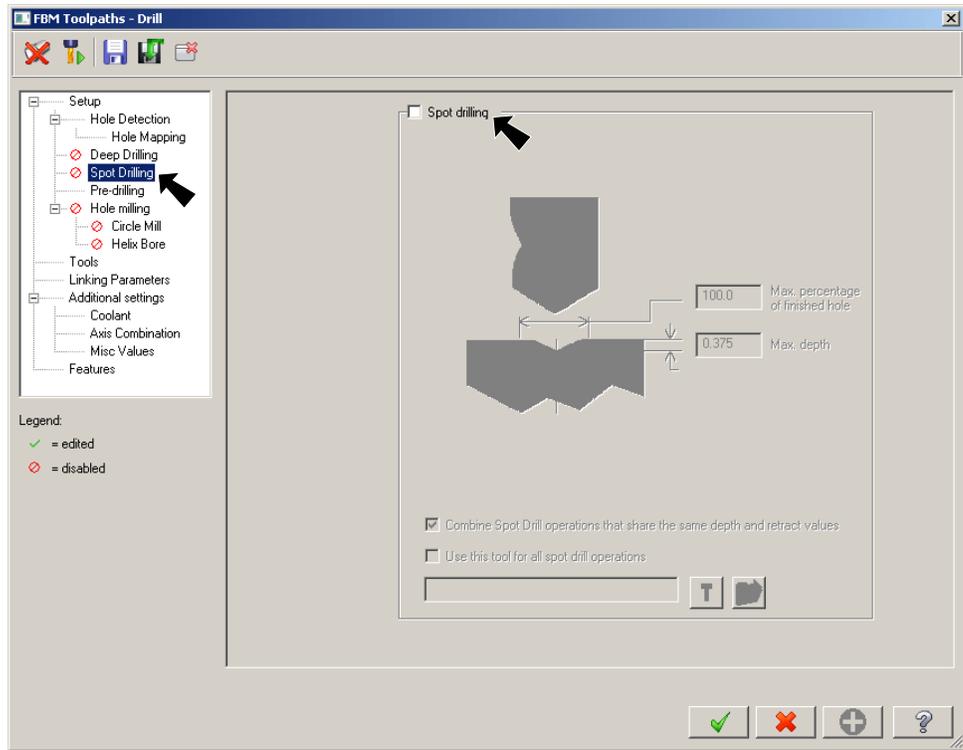


Fig. 85

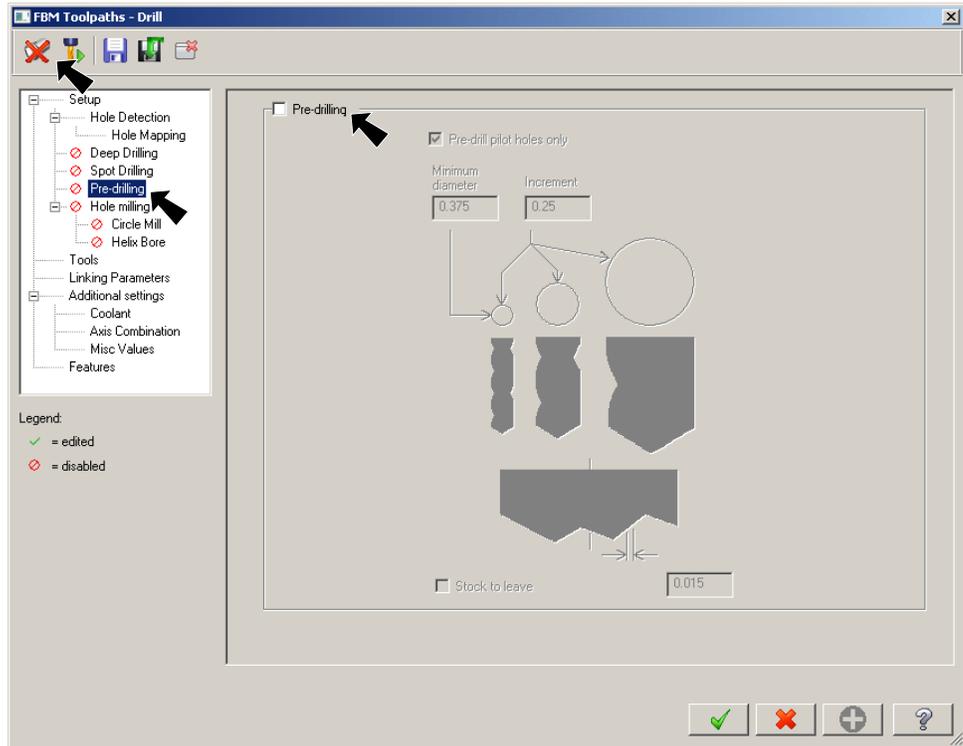
Step 4. Select **Spot Drilling** from the tree control and uncheck **Spot Drilling** check box, **Fig. 86**.

Step 5. Select **Pre-drilling** from the tree control and uncheck **Pre-drilling** check box, **Fig. 87**.

Step 6. Click **Detect** button  at the top of the dialog box to find the holes, **Fig. 87**.



**Fig. 86**



**Fig. 87**

Step 7. Confirm 1 hole with depth of .75 is listed and click OK



Fig. 88.

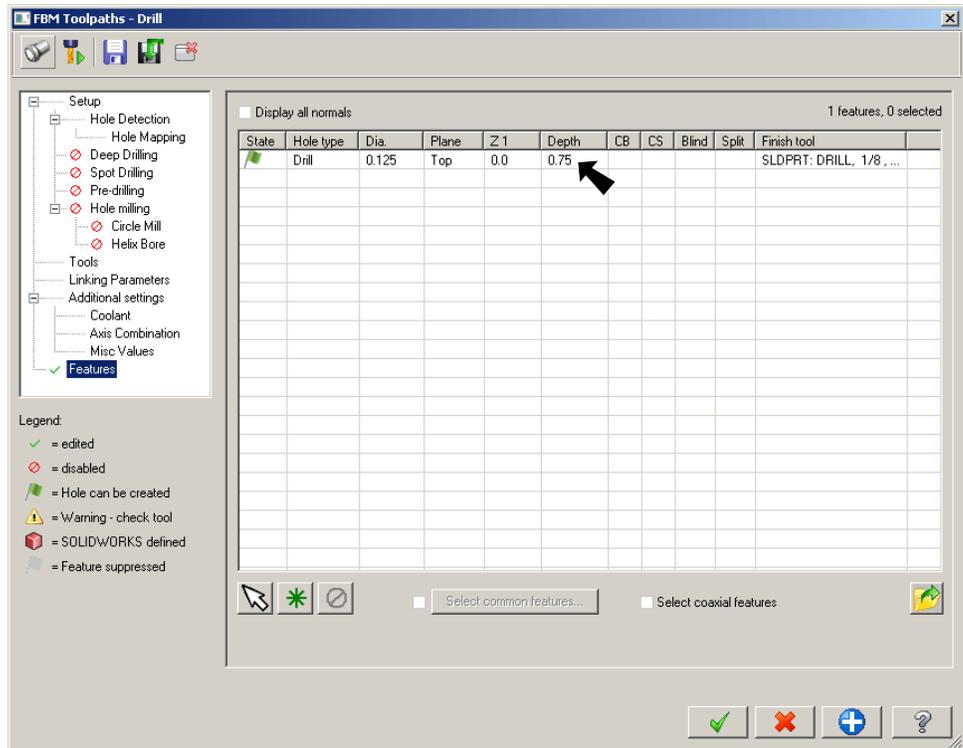


Fig. 88

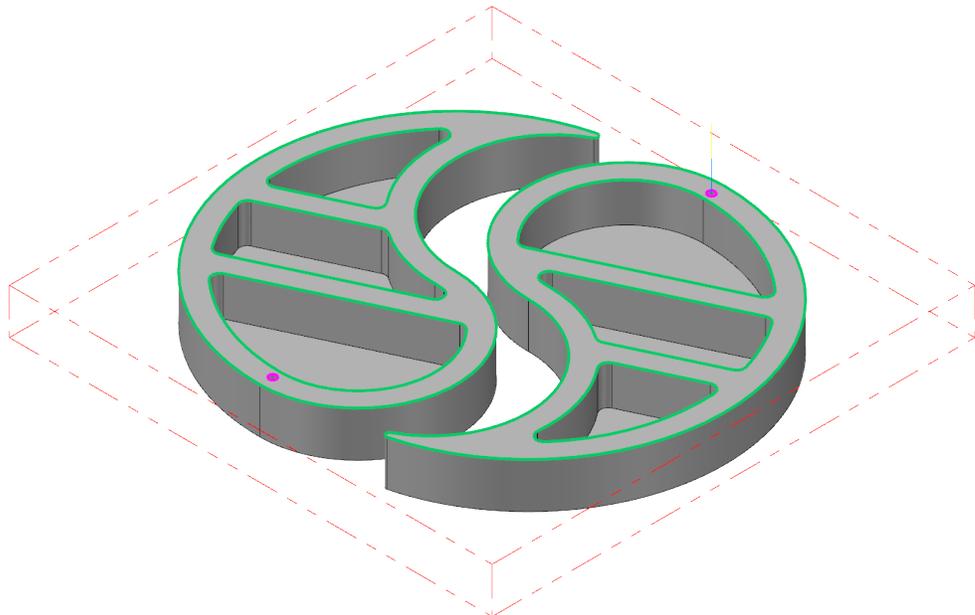


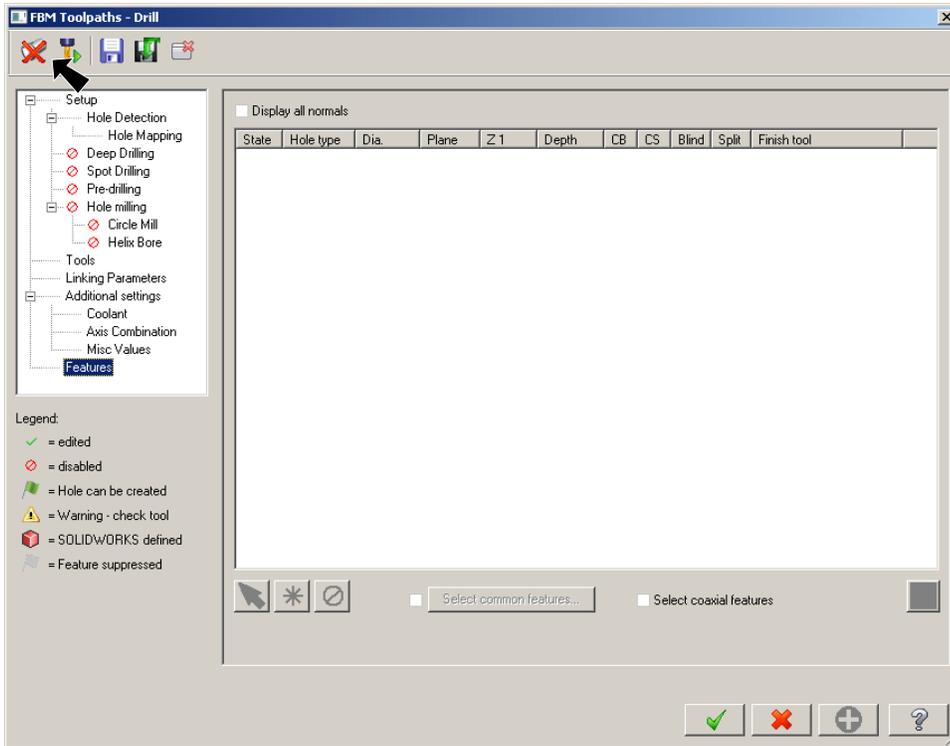
Fig. 89

## V. FBM Drill Toolpath Left Tray.

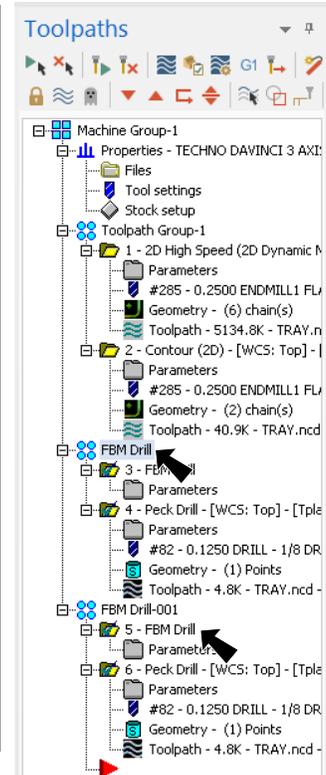
Step 1. On the Toolpaths tab **TOOLPATHS** in the 2D group click **FBM Drill**



Step 2. Click the **left Tray solid** and params are all set so just click **Detect** button , **Fig. 90**.



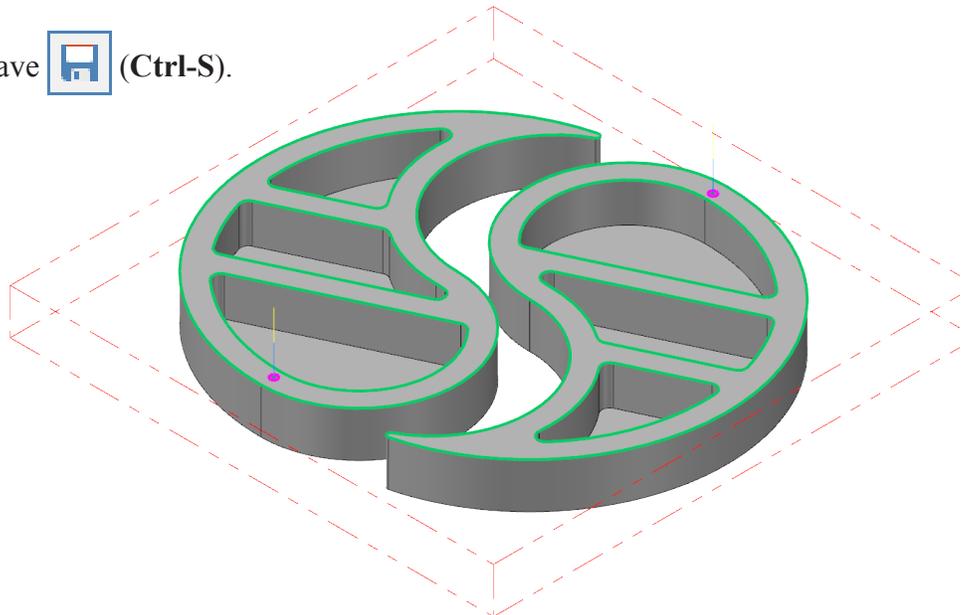
**Fig. 90**



**Fig. 91**

Step 3. In the Toolpaths Manager **Ctrl** click both **FBM Drill Toolpath Groups** to select both Toolpath groups, **Fig. 91**.

Step 4. Save  (**Ctrl-S**).



**Fig. 92**